

I

NEUROSCIENCE

1. Fundamentals of Neuroscience 3
2. The Architecture of Nervous Systems 15

II

CELLULAR AND MOLECULAR NEUROSCIENCE

3. Cellular Components of Nervous Tissue 49
4. Subcellular Organization of the Nervous System:
Organelles and Their Functions 79
5. Electrotonic Properties of Axons and
Dendrites 115
6. Membrane Potential and Action Potential 139
7. Neurotransmitters 163
8. Release of Neurotransmitters 197
9. Neurotransmitter Receptors 225
10. Intracellular Signaling 259
11. Postsynaptic Potentials and Synaptic
Integration 299
12. Information Processing in Complex
Dendrites 319
13. Brain Energy Metabolism 339

III

NERVOUS SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

14. Neural Induction and Pattern Formation 363
15. Neurogenesis and Migration 391
16. Cellular Determination 417
17. Growth Cones and Axon Pathfinding 449

Contents

- 18. Target Selection, Topographic Maps, and Synapse Formation 469
- 19. Programmed Cell Death and Neurotrophic Factors 499
- 20. Synapse Elimination 533
- 21. Early Experience and Critical Periods 555

IV

SENSORY SYSTEMS

- 22. Fundamentals of Sensory Systems 577
- 23. Sensory Transduction 591
- 24. Chemical Senses: Taste and Olfaction 631
- 25. The Somatosensory System 667
- 26. Audition 699
- 27. Vision 727

V

MOTOR SYSTEMS

- 28. Fundamentals of Motor Systems 753
- 29. The Spinal Cord, Muscle, and Locomotion 767
- 30. Descending Control of Movement 791
- 31. The Basal Ganglia 815
- 32. Cerebellum 841
- 33. Eye Movements 873

VI

REGULATORY SYSTEMS

- 34. The Hypothalamus: An Overview of Regulatory Systems 897
-

35. Central Control of Autonomic Functions:
Organization of the Autonomic Nervous
System 911
36. Neural Regulation of the Cardiovascular
System 935
37. Neural Control of Breathing 967
38. Food Intake and Metabolism 991
39. Water Intake and Body Fluids 1011
40. Neuroendocrine Systems 1031
41. Circadian Timing 1067
42. Sleep, Dreaming, and Wakefulness 1085
43. Motivation and Reward 1109
44. Drug Reward and Addiction 1127

VII

**BEHAVIORAL AND COGNITIVE
NEUROSCIENCE**

- 45. Human Brain Evolution 1147
- 46. Cognitive Development and Aging 1167
- 47. Visual Perception of Objects 1201
- 48. Spatial Cognition 1229
- 49. Attention 1249
- 50. Learning and Memory: Basic Mechanisms 1275
- 51. Learning and Memory: Brain Systems 1299
- 52. Language and Communication 1329
- 53. The Prefrontal Cortex and Executive Brain
Functions 1353
- 54. Executive Control and Thought 1377

Preface to the First Edition xv
Preface to the Second Edition xvii
Acknowledgments xix

I

NEUROSCIENCE

1. Fundamentals of Neuroscience

FLOYD E. BLOOM

A Brief History of Neuroscience 3
The Terminology of Nervous Systems Is Hierarchical,
Distributed, Descriptive, and Historically Based 3
Neurons and Glia Are Cellular Building Blocks of the
Nervous System 4
The Operative Processes of Nervous Systems Are Also
Hierarchical 5
Cellular Organization of the Brain 6
Organization of This Text 7
This Book Is Intended for a Broad Range of Scholars of
the Neurosciences 8
Clinical Issues in the Neurosciences 8
The Spirit of Exploration Continues 8
The Genomic Inventory Is a Giant Step Forward 9
Neuroscience Today: A Communal Endeavor 9
The Creation of Knowledge 10
Responsible Conduct 11
Summary 13
References 13

2. The Architecture of Nervous Systems

LARRY W. SWANSON

General Principles from an Evolutionary
Perspective 15

Contents

Development of the Vertebrate Nervous System	23
Identity and Organization of Functional Systems	29
Some Basic Structural Features of the Nervous System	32
References	44

II

CELLULAR AND MOLECULAR NEUROSCIENCE

3. Cellular Components of Nervous Tissue

PATRICK R. HOF, BRUCE D. TRAPP, JEAN DE VELLIS,
LUZ CLAUDIO, AND DAVID R. COLMAN

The Neuron	49
Neuroglia	61
Cerebral Vasculature	69
References	75

4. Subcellular Organization of the Nervous System: Organelles and Their Functions

SCOTT BRADY, DAVID R. COLMAN, AND PETER BROPHY

Axons and Dendrites: Unique Structural Components of Neurons	79
Protein Synthesis in Nervous Tissue	84
Cytoskeletons of Neurons and Glial Cells	95
Molecular Motors in the Nervous System	103
Building and Maintaining Nervous System Cells	106
References	113

5. Electrotonic Properties of Axons and Dendrites

GORDON M. SHEPHERD

- Toward a Theory of Neuronal Information Processing 115
- Basic Tools: Cable Theory and Compartmental Models 116
- Spread of Steady-State Signals 117
- Spread of Transient Signals 122
- Electrotonic Properties Underlying Propagation in Axons 124
- Electrotonic Spread in Dendrites 126
- Dynamic Properties of Passive Electrotonic Structure 129
- Relating Passive to Active Potentials 134
- References 136

6. Membrane Potential and Action Potential

DAVID A. McCORMICK

- Membrane Potential 140
- Action Potential 145
- References 160

7. Neurotransmitters

ARIEL Y. DEUTCH AND ROBERT H. ROTH

- Several Modes of Neuronal Communication Exist 163
- Chemical Transmission 164
- Classical Neurotransmitters 166
- Nonclassical Neurotransmitters 186
- Peptide Transmitters 188
- Unconventional Transmitters 191
- Synaptic Transmission in Perspective 195
- References 196

8. Release of Neurotransmitters

THOMAS L. SCHWARZ

- Transmitter Release Is Quantal 197
- Excitation–Secretion Coupling 202
- Molecular Mechanisms of the Nerve Terminal 204
- Quantal Analysis: Probing Synaptic Physiology 216
- Short-Term Synaptic Plasticity 220
- References 224

9. Neurotransmitter Receptors

M. NEAL WAXHAM

- Ionotropic Receptors 225
 G-Protein Coupled Receptors 245
 References 257

10. Intracellular Signaling

HOWARD SCHULMAN AND JAMES L. ROBERTS

- Signaling through G-Protein-Linked Receptors 259
 Modulation of Neuronal Function by Protein Kinases and
 Phosphatases 274
 Intracellular Signaling Affects Nuclear Gene
 Expression 288
 References 297

11. Postsynaptic Potentials and Synaptic Integration

JOHN H. BYRNE

- Ionotropic Receptors: Mediators of Fast Excitatory and
 Inhibitory Synaptic Potentials 299
 Metabotropic Receptors: Mediators of Slow Synaptic
 Potentials 311
 Integration of Synaptic Potentials 314
 References 317

12. Information Processing in Complex Dendrites

GORDON M. SHEPHERD

- Strategies for Studying Complex Dendrites 319
 An Axon Places Constraints on Dendritic
 Processing 320
 Dendrodendritic Interactions between Axonal Cells 321
 Passive Dendritic Trees Can Perform Complex
 Computations 322
 Distal Dendrites Can Be Closely Linked to Axonal
 Output 323
 Depolarizing and Hyperpolarizing Dendritic Conductances
 Interact Dynamically 324
 The Axon Hillock-Initial Segment Encodes Global
 Output 325
 Retrograde Impulse Spread into Dendrites Can Have
 Several Functions 326
 Examples of How Voltage-Gated Channels Take Part in
 Dendritic Integration 329

- Multiple Impulse Initiation Sites Are under Dynamic Control 334
 Dendritic Spines Are Multifunctional Microintegrative Units 334
 Summary: The Dendritic Tree as a Complex Information Processing System 336
 References 336

13. Brain Energy Metabolism

PIERRE J. MAGISTRETTI

- Energy Metabolism of the Brain as a Whole Organ 339
 Coupling of Neuronal Activity, Blood Flow, and Energy Metabolism 342
 Energy-Producing and Energy-Consuming Processes in the Brain 345
 Brain Energy Metabolism at the Cellular Level 349
 Glutamate and Nitrogen Metabolism: A Coordinated Shuttle between Astrocytes and Neurons 356
 The Astrocyte-Neuron Metabolic Unit 359
 References 360

III

NERVOUS SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

14. Neural Induction and Pattern Formation

ANDREW LUMSDEN AND CHRIS KINTNER

- Neural Induction 363
 Early Neural Patterning 371
 Regionalization of the Central Nervous System 375
 Regionalization of the Prechordal Central Nervous System 385
 Conclusions 388
 References 389

15. Neurogenesis and Migration

MARIANNE BRONNER-FRASER AND MARY BETH HATTEN

- Development of the Peripheral Nervous System 391
 Development of the Central Nervous System 403
 References 415

16. Cellular Determination

WILLIAM A. HARRIS AND VOLKER HARTENSTEIN

- Neuronal Phenotypes and Determinants 417
- Determination of Neural Progenitors 419
- Specification of Neural Lineages by Intrinsic
Mechanisms 426
- Specification of Neural Fates by Extrinsic
Mechanisms 432
- Summary 447
- References 447

17. Growth Cones and Axon Pathfinding

MARC T. TESSIER-LAVIGNE

- Growth Cones Are Actively Guided 449
- Guidance Cues for Developing Axons 451
- Guidance Cues and the Control of Actin
Polymerization 456
- Guidance *in Vivo*: Reusing Cues for Different Purposes and
Changing Responses to Cues 459
- Future Directions 466
- References 466

18. Target Selection, Topographic Maps, and Synapse Formation

STEVEN J. BURDEN, DARWIN BERG, AND
DENNIS D. M. O'LEARY

- Target Selection and Map Formation 469
- Development of the Neuromuscular Synapse 483
- Synapse Formation in the Central Nervous System 492
- References 497

19. Programmed Cell Death and Neurotrophic Factors

RONALD W. OPPENHEIM AND JAMES E. JOHNSON

- Cell Death and the Neurotrophic Hypothesis 501
- Nerve Growth Factor: The Prototype Target-Derived
Neuronal Survival Factor 502
- The Neurotrophin Family 506
- Neurotrophin Receptors 507
- Cytokines and Growth Factors in the Nervous
System 510
- Neurotrophic Factors Have Multiple Activities 511
- TRK Receptors Are Similar to Other Growth Factor
Receptors 514

- Programmed Cell Death of Neurons Is Widespread in Invertebrate and Vertebrate Species 517
- Modes of Cell Death in Developing Neurons 518
- The Mode of Neuronal Cell Death Reflects the Activation of Distinct Biochemical and Molecular Mechanisms 522
- Programmed Cell Death Is Regulated by Interactions with Targets, Afferents, and Nonneuronal Cells 525
- Functions of Neuronal Programmed Cell Death 529
- Programmed Cell Death, Developmental Disorders, and Neurodegenerations 530
- References 532

20. Synapse Elimination

RACHEL O. L. WONG AND JEFFREY W. LICHTMAN

- An Overview of Synapse Elimination 533
- The Purpose of Synapse Elimination 535
- A Role for Interaxonal Competition 537
- Spatial Patterning of Connectivity by Synapse Elimination 541
- Activity Is Required for Synapse Elimination 545
- How Widespread Is Activity-Driven Synapse Elimination? 549
- How Are Synaptic Connections Altered? 552
- Is Synapse Elimination Strictly a Developmental Phenomenon? 553
- References 553

21. Early Experience and Critical Periods

ERIC I. KNUDSEN

- Sound Localization: Calibrated by Early Experience in the Owl 556
- Birdsong: Learned by Experience 559
- Filial Imprinting: Babies Learn to Recognize Their Parents 562
- Binocular Vision 564
- Principles of Developmental Learning 569
- References 572

IV

SENSORY SYSTEMS

22. Fundamentals of Sensory Systems

STEWART H. HENDRY, STEVEN S. HSIAO, AND
M. CHRISTIAN BROWN

- Sensation and Perception 577

Receptors	578
Peripheral Organization and Processing	580
Central Pathways and Processing	584
Sensory Cortex	585
Summary	588
References	588

23. Sensory Transduction

PETER R. MacLEISH, GORDON M. SHEPHERD,
SUE C. KINNAMON, AND JOSEPH SANTOS-SACCHI

Phototransduction	591
Olfactory Transduction	601
Taste	613
Mechanoreception	620
References	629

24. Chemical Senses: Taste and Olfaction

DAVID V. SMITH AND GORDON M. SHEPHERD

Taste	631
Olfaction	649
References	666

25. The Somatosensory System

STEWART H. HENDRY AND STEVEN S. HSIAO

Peripheral Mechanisms of Somatic Sensation	668
Spinal and Brain Stem Components of the Somatosensory System	679
The Thalamic Ventrobasal Complex	688
Somatosensory Areas of the Cerebral Cortex	689
References	696

26. Audition

M. CHRISTIAN BROWN

Amplitude and Frequency Ranges of Hearing	699
External and Middle Ear	700
The Cochlea	701
The Auditory Nerve	705
Descending Systems to the Periphery	710
Central Nervous System	711
References	725

27. Vision

R. CLAY REID

Overview 727

The Eye and the Retina 729

The Retinogeniculocortical Pathway 739

References 750

V

MOTOR SYSTEMS

28. Fundamentals of Motor Systems

STEN GRILLNER

Basic Components of the Motor System 755

Motor Programs Coordinate Basic Motor Patterns 756

Roles of Different Parts of the Nervous System in the
Control of Movement 758

Conclusion 765

References 765

29. The Spinal Cord, Muscle, and Locomotion

MARY KAY FLOETER

Muscles and Their Control 767

Spinal Networks and the Segmental Motor System 775

Sensory Modulation 784

References 789

30. Descending Control of Movement

MARC H. SCHIEBER AND JAMES F. BAKER

The Medial Postural System 792

The Lateral Voluntary System 802

Summary 813

References 814

31. The Basal Ganglia

JONATHAN W. MINK

Anatomy of Basal Ganglia 816

Signaling in Basal Ganglia 823

The Effect of Basal Ganglia Damage on Behavior 826

Fundamental Principles of Basal Ganglia Operation for
Motor Control 832

Basal Ganglia Participation in Nonmotor Functions 834

References 839

32. Cerebellum

JAMES C. HOUK AND ENRICO MUGNAINI

- Overview 841
- Organization of Signal Processing Modules 849
- Neurons and Their Signals 853
- Activation and Inactivation Studies 863
- Phylogenetic and Ontogenetic Development 865
- Overall Summary 870
- References 871

33. Eye Movements

PAUL W. GLIMCHER

- There Are Five Types of Eye Movements 873
- Oculomotor Nuclei and Extraocular Muscles 874
- The Vestibulo-Ocular Reflex 877
- The Optokinetic System 880
- The Saccadic System 881
- Smooth Pursuit 887
- Vergence 888
- Conclusions 890
- References 892

VI

REGULATORY SYSTEMS

34. The Hypothalamus: An Overview of Regulatory Systems

J. PATRICK CARD, LARRY W. SWANSON, AND
ROBERT Y. MOORE

- Historical Perspective 897
- General Organizational Principles of the Adult
Hypothalamus 900
- Functional Organization of the Hypothalamus 901
- Effector Systems of the Hypothalamus Are Both Humoral
and Synaptic 904
- References 908

35. Central Control of Autonomic Functions: Organization of the Autonomic Nervous System

TERRY L. POWLEY

- Sympathetic Division: Organized to Mobilize the Body
for Activity 913
- Parasympathetic Division: Organized for Energy
Conservation 918

The Enteric Division of the ANS: The Nerve Net Found in the Walls of Visceral Organs	921
ANS Pharmacology: Transmitter and Receptor Coding	921
Autonomic Controls of Homeostasis	924
Hierarchically Organized CNS Circuits	928
Perspective: Future of the Autonomic Nervous System	931
Summary and General Conclusions	932
References	932

36. Neural Regulation of the Cardiovascular System

JOHN C. LONGHURST

Description of the System: An Anatomical Framework	935
Anatomy and Chemical Properties of Efferent Autonomic Pathways	943
A System of Generators	944
Short-Term Control Mechanisms	947
Reflex Control of the Cardiovascular System	947
Arterial Baroreceptors	948
Peripheral Arterial Chemoreceptors	954
Cardiac Receptors	956
Visceral Abdominal Reflexes	963
References	965

37. Neural Control of Breathing

JACK L. FELDMAN AND DONALD R. McCRIMMON

Early Neuroscience and the Brain Stem	967
Central Nervous System and Breathing Respiratory Rhythm Generation	969
Where Are the Neurons That Generate the Breathing Rhythm?	969
Which Neurons in the Prebötzing Complex Are Required for Respiratory Rhythm Generation?	971
Where Are the Respiratory Neurons?	974
Discharge Patterns of Respiratory Neurons	974
Sensory Inputs and Altered Breathing	980
Mechanoreceptors in the Lungs Adjust Breathing Pattern and Initiate Protective Reflexes	982
Modulation and Plasticity of Respiratory Motor Output	984
Suprapontine Structures and Breathing	989
References	990

38. Food Intake and Metabolism

STEPHEN C. WOODS AND EDWARD M. STRICKER

- Caloric Homeostasis 991
 Role of Caloric Homeostasis in Control of Food
 Intake 994
 Central Control of Food Intake 1000
 Neuropeptide and the Control of Food Intake 1004
 References 1008

39. Water Intake and Body Fluids

EDWARD M. STRICKER AND JOSEPH G. VERBALIS

- Body Fluid Physiology 1011
 Osmotic Homeostasis 1012
 Volume Homeostasis 1020
 References 1028

40. Neuroendocrine Systems

ANDREA C. GORE AND JAMES L. ROBERTS

- The Hypothalamus Is a Neuroendocrine Organ 1031
 Hypothalamic Releasing/Inhibiting Hormones and Their
 Targets 1033
 Characteristics of Each Neuroendocrine System 1036
 Hypothalamic Control of Sexual Behavior 1057
 References 1065

41. Circadian Timing

ROBERT Y. MOORE

- Circadian Rhythms Are a Fundamental Adaptation of
 Living Organisms 1067
 Circadian Timing Is Inherited 1068
 Circadian Timing in Animals Is a Function of the Nervous
 System 1070
 The Suprachiasmatic Nucleus Is the Dominant Circadian
 Pacemaker 1072
 Light Is the Dominant Entraining Stimulus 1074
 Pacemaker Output Is Limited 1077
 The Avian Circadian Timing System Is More Complex
 Than That of Mammals 1078
 Circadian Timing Is Critical for Reproduction in Some
 Mammals 1079
 The Primate Circadian Timing System Functions
 Principally to Promote Behavioral
 Adaptation 1081
 References 1084

42. Sleep, Dreaming, and Wakefulness

J. ALLAN HOBSON AND EDWARD F. PACE-SCHOTT

- The Two States of Sleep: Slow Wave and Rapid Eye
Movement 1087
 Sleep in the Modern Era of Neuroscience 1089
 Anatomy and Physiology of Brain Stem Regulatory
Systems 1091
 Sensimotor and Modulatory Reticular Neurons Differ
Functionally 1092
 Other Brain Stem and Diencephalic Neurotransmitter
Systems 1098
 Modeling the Control of Behavioral State 1101
 References 1107

43. Motivation and Reward

TREVOR W. ROBBINS AND BARRY J. EVERITT

- Neural Mechanisms of Motivation 1110
 Dopamine and the Lateral Hypothalamic
Syndrome 1112
 Reinforcement Systems 1116
 Brain Aversion Systems 1123
 References 1125

44. Drug Reward and Addiction

GEORGE F. KOOB

- Assessing the Reinforcing Actions of Drugs 1128
 Neurobiological Substrates of Drug Reward 1131
 Neurobiological Substrates for Motivation Effects of Drug
Dependence 1136
 Neurochemical Adaptation in Reward
Neurotransmitters 1137
 Neuroadaptation, Prolonged Abstinence, and
Relapse 1139
 References 1142

VII

BEHAVIORAL AND COGNITIVE NEUROSCIENCE

45. Human Brain Evolution

JON H. KAAS AND TODD M. PREUSS

- Evolutionary and Comparative Principles 1147
 Early Stages of Brain Evolution 1153
 Evolution of Primate Brains 1156
 Why Brain Size Is Important 1163

Conclusions	1164
References	1165

46. Cognitive Development and Aging

PETER R. RAPP AND JOCELYNE BACHEVALIER

Brain Development	1167
Cognitive Development and Aging: A Life Span Perspective	1172
Pathological Processes in Cognitive Development and Aging	1186
References	1199

47. Visual Perception of Objects

HILLARY R. RODMAN, LUIZ PESSOA, AND
LESLIE G. UNGERLIEDER

The Problem of Object Recognition	1201
Substrates of Object Perception and Recognition: Early Evidence from Brain Damage	1202
Visual Pathways for Object Processing in Nonhuman Primates	1205
Neuronal Properties within the Object Recognition Pathway	1208
Functional Imaging and Electrophysiology of Object Recognition in Humans	1215
Perception and Recognition of Specific Classes of Objects	1218
Object Knowledge Is Stored in a Distributed Network of Cortical Areas	1224
References	1227

48. Spatial Cognition

CAROL L. COLBY AND CARL R. OLSON

Neuroanatomy of Spatial Cognition	1229
Parietal Cortex	1230
Frontal Cortex	1240
Hippocampus and Adjacent Cortex	1245
Spatial Cognition and Spatial Action	1246
References	1246

49. Attention

JOHN H. REYNOLDS, JACQUELINE P. GOTTLIEB, AND
SABINE KASTNER

Introduction	1249
Varieties of Attention	1249

- Covert Spatial Attention Has Been Studied Intensively with the Cuing Paradigm 1250
- Neglect Syndrome: A Deficit of Spatial Attention 1252
- The Network Mediating Spatial Attention in Humans Centers Around Frontal and Parietal Cortical Areas 1253
- Human Frontal and Parietal Cortical Areas Provide Top-down Signals Controlling Spatial Attention 1254
- Visual Saliency Maps in Monkey Parietal and Frontal Cortices Guide the Deployment of Spatial Attention 1254
- Attention Increases Sensitivity and Boosts the Clarity of Signals Generated by Neurons in Parts of the Visual System Devoted to Processing Information about Objects 1261
- Attention Affects Neural Activity in the Human Visual Cortex in the Presence and Absence of Visual Stimulation 1261
- The Visual Search Paradigm Has Been Used to Study the Role of Attention in Selecting Relevant Stimuli from within a Cluttered Visual Environment 1264
- Where Is the Computational Bottleneck as Revealed by Search Tasks? 1264
- Neuronal Receptive Fields Are a Possible Neural Correlate of Limited Capacity 1266
- Competition Can Be Biased by Nonspatial Feedback 1267
- Filtering of Unwanted Information in Humans 1268
- Closely Related Mechanisms Govern Covert Orienting and Target Selection for Eye Movements 1269
- Attentional State 1270
- Monoamines Act as Neuromodulators 1270
- Conclusions 1272
- References 1272

50. Learning and Memory: Basic Mechanisms

JOHN H. BYRNE

- Paradigms Have Been Developed to Study Associative and Nonassociative Learning 1276
- Invertebrate Studies: Key Insights from *Aplysia* into Basic Mechanisms of Learning 1277
- Vertebrate Studies: Long-Term Potentiation 1286
- Long-Term Depression 1294
- How Does a Change in Synaptic Strength Store a Complex Memory? 1295
- References 1297

51. Learning and Memory: Brain Systems

HOWARD B. EICHENBAUM

Early Proposals about Different Forms of Memory	1299
Emergence of the Modern Conception of Memory Systems	1300
Declarative Memory	1304
Procedural Memory	1311
Emotional Memory	1315
Cerebral Cortex and Memory	1320
Conclusions	1326
References	1326

52. Language and Communication

DAVID N. CAPLAN AND JAMES L. GOULD

Animal Communication	1329
Human Language	1335
Conclusions	1351
References	1352

53. The Prefrontal Cortex and Executive Brain Functions

EARL K. MILLER AND JONATHAN D. WALLIS

Controlled versus Automatic Processing	1353
Anatomy and Organization of the Prefrontal Cortex	1358
Behavioral Effects of Damage to the Prefrontal Cortex	1359
Neurophysiology of the Prefrontal Cortex	1368
Theories of Prefrontal Cortex Function	1373
References	1376

54. Executive Control and Thought

EDWARD E. SMITH AND JOHN JONIDES

Introduction	1377
Working Memory: Storage and Updating	1379
Selective Attention	1383
Switching Attention	1388
What Are the Components in Complex Tasks?	1391
References	1393

Permissions	1395
Contributors	1397
Index	1401