Contents

1 Two-Dimensional Interface Electron Systems 1
1.1 Introduction 1
1.2 Hovering Electrons Above Superfluid Helium ^{4}He 3
1.3 Electrons Bound to a Helium Film 13
1.4 Scattering by Vapor Atoms 17
1.5 Electron Scattering at an Uneven Interface 21
1.5.1 Capillary Wave Quanta (Ripplons) 21
1.5.2 Bloch Approach for Bound Electrons 23
1.5.3 Adiabatic Approximation 30
1.6 Mobility Along the Helium Surface 35
1.7 Other Cryogenic Interfaces 39
1.7.1 Electrons on the Surface of Fermi Liquid ^{3}He 39
1.7.2 Solid Interfaces (H_2, Ne) 42
1.8 Retrapping Transition 47
1.9 Cyclotron Motion: Quantization and Collision Broadening ... 53
1.9.1 Self-Consistent Approximation 56
1.9.2 Cumulant Approach 59

2 Strongly Correlated Coulomb Liquid 65
2.1 Fundamental Correlation Functions 65
2.1.1 General Definitions 66
2.1.2 Density–Density Correlation Function 68
2.1.3 Dynamical Structure Factor 70
2.2 Fluctuational Electric Field Concept 78
2.3 Coulomb Narrowing of Landau Levels 80
2.3.1 Electric Field Effect on the Density of States 80
2.3.2 Ensemble of Electrons with Ultra-Fast Orbit Centers .. 83
2.4 Coulomb Broadening of the Dynamical Structure Factor 88
2.5 Plasmons and Magnetoplasmons in Reduced Dimensions 91
2.5.1 Interior Excitations 92
2.5.2 Edge Waves 95
2.6 Electron Correlations and Binding Energy 103

3 Quantum Transport Framework for Highly Correlated Electrons 115
3.1 An Approach to Universality 115
3.2 Phenomenological Analysis 119
3.3 Force-Balance Method (DC Case) 123
3.4 Memory Function Formulation (AC Case) 128
3.5 Comparison with the Kinetic Equation Method 136
3.6 Energy Relaxation Rate 143

4 Unconventional Hall Effect 149
4.1 Transport of Electrons with Discrete Energy Spectrum 149
4.2 Experimental Techniques 154
4.3 Quantization-Induced Decrease in the Hall Angle 157
4.4 Many-Electron Effects 159
4.5 Inelastic Magnetotransport 171
4.6 Cold Nonlinear Effect 176

5 Quantum Cyclotron Resonance 183
5.1 Early Achievements 183
5.2 Single-Electron Approaches 188
5.3 Cyclotron Resonance and Internal Forces 193
5.3.1 Many-Electron Effects in the Linear Regime 199
5.3.2 Power-Induced Coulomb Narrowing 205
5.4 Peak Shift 206

6 Interface Polarons 213
6.1 Relation to the General Polaron Problem 213
6.2 Ground-State Properties 217
6.2.1 Strong Coupling Theory 217
6.2.2 Detrapping Transition 221
6.3 Transport Along the Interface 227
6.3.1 Effective Mass 227
6.3.2 Viscosity Drag of Self-Trapped Electrons 230
6.3.3 Long Mean-Free-Path Regime 232
6.3.4 Ripplon-Limited Mobility 234

7 Wigner Solid. I. Dynamics on Rigid and Soft Interfaces . . . 237
7.1 Contemporary Practice of an Old Hypothesis 237
7.2 Phase Diagram 241
7.2.1 Boundary Shape 242
7.2.2 Dislocation Melting in Two Dimensions 244
7.2.3 Quantum Melting Regime 246
7.3 Normal Modes and Quantization Under a Magnetic Field 249
7.3.1 Phonon Mode Mixing Induced by a Magnetic Field . . . 252
7.3.2 Mean-Square Displacement 255

7.4 Coupling with Medium Vibrations 256
7.4.1 Dimple Lattice and Medium Response Force 257
7.4.2 Coupled Modes 261
7.4.3 Self-Consistent Debye–Waller Factor 267
7.4.4 Coupling Under a Magnetic Field 272
7.5 Dynamical Structure Factor 274
7.5.1 Conventional Approximations 276
7.5.2 Correlations in Two Dimensions 277
7.5.3 Strong Coupling and Consistency Requirements 280
7.5.4 High Magnetic Field Case 282
7.6 Shear Mode Excitation and Specific Heat Measurements 284
7.7 Bilayer Electron Crystals 286

8 Wigner Solid. II. Transport Properties 293
8.1 Solid Current 293
8.2 AC Conductivity and Phonon Damping 296
8.2.1 Basic Relations 296
8.2.2 Spectrum-Splitting Reduction of Phonon Damping . . . 306
8.2.3 Resonance Structure of the Collision Rate 308
8.3 Mobility over Normal and Superfluid ^{3}He 313
8.3.1 Viscous Drag of the Dimple Lattice 314
8.3.2 Long Mean-Free-Path Regime 316
8.4 Nonlinear Transport 321
8.4.1 Bragg–Cherenkov Scattering 326
8.4.2 Sliding Wigner Solid 330

References 335

Index 345