

Contents

<i>List of Figures</i>	vi
<i>List of Tables</i>	vii
<i>Notes on the Contributors</i>	ix
1. The Importance of Social Care <i>Jorma Sipilä, Anneli Anttonen and John Baldock</i>	1
2. Social Care in Finland: Stronger and Weaker Forms of Universalism <i>Teppo Kröger, Anneli Anttonen and Jorma Sipilä</i>	25
3. Social Care Services for Children and Older People in Germany: Distinct and Separate Histories <i>Adalbert Evers and Christoph Sachße</i>	55
4. Care for Children and Older People in Japan: Modernizing the Traditional <i>Mutsuko Takahashi</i>	81
5. Social Care in the United Kingdom: A Pattern of Discretionary Social Administration <i>John Baldock</i>	109
6. Care for Children and Older People in the United States: Laggard or Merely Different? <i>Joseph Heffernan</i>	143
7. Patterns of Social Care in Five Industrial Societies: Explaining Diversity <i>Anneli Anttonen, Jorma Sipilä and John Baldock</i>	167
Index	199

Figures

7.1	Dimensions of change in social care	173
7.2	Links between social care, policy and the labour market	186

Tables

1.1	A typology of social care arrangements	13
2.1	Residents in publicly and privately run residential homes in Finland 1950–1998	31
2.2	Publicly employed home helps, home help assistants and households receiving home help services in Finland, 1971–1998	32
2.3	Use of care services for older people in Finland in 1998	35
2.4	Sources of help named by people 65 and over, Finland, 1994	36
2.5	Places in publicly funded day care for children in Finland, 1965–1998	40
2.6	Childcare support for children under three in Finland, 1985–1998	41
2.7	Pre-school children in publicly financed day care in Finland, 1998	42
2.8	Key characteristics of social care for older people and for children	44
3.1	Numbers of day-care institutions for pre-school children, Germany, 1994	57
3.2	Day-care places for pre-school children, Germany, 1994	57
3.3	Institutional and home care provider organizations, Germany, 1998	60
3.4	Beneficiaries of LTCI benefits, Germany, 1999	60
3.5	LTCI payments per month by level of assessed need, Germany, 1999	61
4.1	Authorized children's day-care centres, 1997	85
4.2	The age distribution of children in authorized day-care centres, 1998	85
4.3	Unauthorized day-care centres, 1998	86
4.4	The age distribution of children in kindergartens, 1997	88
4.5	Distribution of children among different forms of day care in 1997	88
4.6	An estimate of the number of older people who will need care	89
4.7	Use of services for older people and regional variations	90
4.8	Forms of long-term institutional care for older people, 1996	95
4.9	The household circumstances of older people (65 and over) in Japan, 1975 to 1996	101

4.10	Main providers of care to dependent older people (65 and over), 1996	101
4.11	Types of voluntary activity, 1996	105
4.12	The socio-economic background of volunteers, 1996	105
4.13	The labour market participation rates of older people	106
5.1	Day-care places for children in England, Wales and Northern Ireland	117
5.2	Percentage of those 65+ in receipt of service in last month, UK, 1994	122
5.3	Receipt of home care by dependent older people 65+ by household type	122
5.4	Percentage of older people 65+ with advanced cognitive impairment in private households receiving services in the past year, Great Britain, 1986	132
6.1	Public spending on social welfare functions as a share of GDP 1996	143
6.2	Patients in nursing homes and source of provision, United States, 1995	149
6.3	Age dependency ratios, 1960 and 1996	151
6.4	The main providers of children's day care, United States, 1990	151
6.5	Working mothers: sources of childcare, United States	152
6.6	United States: labour force participation by age of youngest child and marital status	153
6.7	Child day-care costs, United States, 1993	153
6.8	Sources of payment for elderly care, 1997	154
6.9	Projected spending in 2018 on nursing-home and home health care, United States	156
7.1	Women's labour market participation 1999, as per cent of women aged 15-64	187