

Contents

Terminology. Preliminary Information	1
Chapter I. Convergence of Fourier Series in the Classical Sense. Lebesgue Functions of Bounded Systems	4
§ 1. The Fundamental Inequality	6
§ 2. The Logarithmic Growth of the Lebesgue Functions. Divergence of Fourier Series	14
§ 3. Series with Decreasing Coefficients	25
§ 4. Generalizations, Counterexamples, Problems	31
§ 5. The Stability of the Orthogonalization Operator	36
Chapter II. Convergence Almost Everywhere; Conditions on the Coefficients	41
§ 1. The Class \mathfrak{S}_Ω	42
§ 2. Garsia's Theorem	47
§ 3. The Coefficients of Convergent Series in Complete Systems	52
§ 4. Extension of a System of Functions to an ONS	56
Chapter III. Properties of Complete Systems; the Role of the Haar System	59
§ 1. The Basic Construction	60
§ 2. Divergent Fourier Series	64
§ 3. Bases in Function Spaces and Majorants of Fourier Series	70
§ 4. Fourier Coefficients of Continuous Functions	76
§ 5. Some More Results about the Haar System	89
Chapter IV. Series from L^2 and Peculiarities of Fourier Series from the Spaces L^p	97
§ 1. The Matrices A_k	97
§ 2. Lebesgue Functions and Convergence Almost Everywhere	99
§ 3. Convergence of Fourier Series of Functions from Various Classes	107
§ 4. Sums of Fourier Series	118
§ 5. Conditional Bases in Hilbert Space	122
Bibliography	128
Subject Index	135