

CONTENTS

<i>Typographic conventions</i>	page xi
<i>Preface</i>	xiii
1 A contextual approach to lexical semantics	1
1.1 Introductory	1
1.2 Meaning and grammar	1
1.3 The data of semantics	8
1.4 Disciplining intuitions	10
1.5 The meaning of a word	15
Notes	20
2 The syntagmatic delimitation of lexical units	23
2.1 Introductory	23
2.2 Semantic constituents	24
2.3 Semantic constituents which fail the test	29
2.4 Indicators, tallies and categorisers	32
2.5 Phonetic elicitors of semantic traits	34
2.6 Words	35
2.7 Idioms	37
2.8 Degrees of opacity	39
2.9 Idioms and collocations	40
2.10 Idiom and 'dead' metaphor	41
Notes	45
3 The paradigmatic and syntactic delimitation of lexical units	49
3.1 Introductory	49
3.2 Selection and modulation of senses	50
3.3 'Indirect' tests for ambiguity	54

3.4	Direct criteria for ambiguity	58
3.5	Some difficult cases	62
3.6	Non-lexical sources of ambiguity	66
3.7	Establishment of senses	68
3.8	Sense-spectra	71 42, 33
3.9	Syntactic delimitation	74
3.10	Lexemes	76
	Notes	80

4 Introducing lexical relations

4.1	Preliminaries	84
4.2	Congruence	86
X 4.3	Cognitive synonymy	88
X 4.4	Hyponymy	88 + 89
X 4.5	Compatibility	92 - 24
4.6	Incompatibility	93 + 34
4.7	Congruence variants	95
4.8	Partial relations	96
4.9	Quasi-relations	97
4.10	Pseudo-relations	98
4.11	Para-relations	99
4.12	Syntagmatic relations of meaning between lexical units	100
	Notes	109

5 Lexical configurations

5.1	Introductory	112
5.2	Hierarchies	112
5.3	Proportional series	118
	Notes	134

6 Taxonomies

X 6.1	Hyponymy and incompatibility	136
6.2	Taxonomy	136
6.3	Characteristics of natural taxonomies	137
6.4	Over-specification, under-specification and the generic level	145
	Notes	145 + 148, 149
		153 + 150, 12
		155 + 154

7 Meronomies

7.1	Introductory: parts and pieces	157
		157

7.2	Defining meronymy	160
7.3	Aspects of transitivity: integral parts and attachments	165
7.4	Characteristics of meronomies	168
7.5	Close relatives of the part-whole relation	172
7.6	Meronomies and taxonomies	177
	Notes	180
8	Non-branching hierarchies	181
8.1	Introductory	181
8.2	From branching to non-branching	181
8.3	Chains, helices and cycles	187
8.4	Ranks, grades and degrees	192
	Notes	195
9	Opposites I: complementaries and antonyms	197
9.1	Oppositeness	197
9.2	Complementaries	198
9.3	Antonyms	204
9.4	Sub-classes of antonyms	206
9.5	Inherentness	214
9.6	Implicit superlatives	216
9.7	Stative verbs	217
9.8	Contrastive aspects	218
	Notes	220
10	Opposites II: directional oppositions	223
10.1	Directional opposites	223
10.2	Directions	223
10.3	Antipodals	224
10.4	Counterparts	225
10.5	Reversives	226
10.6	Relational opposites: converses	231
10.7	Indirect converses	233
10.8	Congruence variants and pseudo-opposites	240
	Notes	242
11	Opposites III: general questions	244
11.1	Impartiality	244
11.2	Polarity	246
11.3	Linguistic polarity and natural polarity	247

11.4	Logical polarity	252
11.5	Neutralisation and semantic markedness	255
11.6	The nature of opposition	257
11.7	What makes a 'good' opposition?	262
	Notes	262

12 Synonymy

12.1	Absolute synonyms and the scale of synonymity	265
12.2	Cognitive synonyms	265
12.3	Plesionyms	270
12.4	Congruence relations and synonymy	285
12.5	'Absolute', 'cognitive' and 'plesio-' relations outside synonymy	289
	Notes	290

References 295

Subject index 302

Author index 309

Handwritten annotations in the right margin:

- 265
- 265
- 270
- 285
- 289

Vertical lines and numbers (6, 7, 3, 4) are drawn next to the circled page numbers.