CONTENTS

CHAPTER 1. THE THEORY OF DETERMINANTS 1

1.1 The solution of two simultaneous linear equations. **1.2** Properties of second order determinants. **1.3** The definition of a third order determinant. **1.4** Properties of third order determinants. **1.5** Fourth order determinants. **1.6** Factorization of symmetrical determinants. **1.7** The solution of homogeneous equations. **1.8** The solution of inhomogeneous equations.

CHAPTER 2. THE THEORY OF EQUATIONS 25

2.1 Polynomials. **2.2** The general polynomial equation. **2.3** Sums of powers of roots. **2.4** The formation of new equations. **2.5** Special methods for the solution of polynomial equations. **2.6** Repeated roots of polynomial equations. **2.7** The quadratic equation. **2.8** The cubic equation. **2.9** The quartic equation.

CHAPTER 3. THE THEORY OF FINITE AND INFINITE SERIES . 46

3.1 Methods for the summation of finite series. **3.2** The convergence of infinite series. **3.3** Tests for some special series. **3.4** Remarks on convergent series. **3.5** The ratio and comparison tests for convergence. **3.6** The binomial series. **3.7** Partial fractions and the binomial expansion. **3.8** The exponential and related series. **3.9** The logarithmic series.

CHAPTER 4. INEQUALITIES 80

4.1 Elementary observations. **4.2** Algebraical inequalities. **4.3** Quadratic forms. **4.4** Application to rational algebraical functions. **4.5** Application of the calculus to inequalities. **4.6** Arithmetic and geometric means.

CHAPTER 5. HYPERBOLIC FUNCTIONS 93

5.1 Definitions. **5.2** Various identities. **5.3** Problems concerning hyperbolic functions.

CHAPTER 6. THE ARGAND DIAGRAM 102

6.1 Complex numbers. **6.2** Representation of complex numbers. **6.3** Multiplication and division of complex numbers. **6.4** Geometrical problems in the Argand diagram. **6.5** Interpretation of loci in the Argand diagram.

CHAPTER 7. DE MOIVRE'S THEOREM AND APPLICATIONS . 115

7.1 De Moivre's theorem. **7.2** Roots of complex numbers. **7.3** Roots of polynomials. **7.4** The exponential form. **7.5** Summation of trigonometrical series. **7.6** Functions of a complex variable.

7.7 Trigonometrical functions of multiple angles. **7.8** Expansion in terms of functions of multiple angles. **7.9** Simple transformations. **7.10** The complex representation of harmonically varying quantities.

CHAPTER 8. THE COORDINATE GEOMETRY OF THE STRAIGHT LINE AND THE CIRCLE 148

8.1 Elementary results and revision. **8.2** The perpendicular distance from a point to a line. **8.3** Rotation of rectangular axes. **8.4** The intersection of two lines. **8.5** The area of a triangle. **8.6** The combined representation of two lines. **8.7** The representation of a circle. **8.8** Tangent properties. **8.9** The circumcircle of a triangle. **8.10** Systems of coaxal circles.

CHAPTER 9. THE THEORY OF CONICS 169

9.1 The intersection of a line and a conic. **9.2** The central conic in its simplest form. **9.3** The ellipse and the hyperbola. **9.4** Some properties of the ellipse. **9.5** Some properties of the hyperbola. **9.6** The parabola.

CHAPTER 10. THE GENERAL AND POLAR EQUATIONS OF THE CONIC 192

10.1 Preliminary examination of the general equation. **10.2** The centre of a conic. **10.3** The axes of a conic. **10.4** The lengths of the axes. **10.5** The asymptotes of a hyperbola. **10.6** The parabola. **10.7** The straight line in polar coordinates. **10.8** The equation of the conic in polar coordinates.

CHAPTER 11. THE PLANE AND THE STRAIGHT LINE . . 207

11.1 Direction cosines. **11.2** The plane. **11.3** The intersection of three planes. **11.4** The straight line.

CHAPTER 12. THE SPHERE AND THE QUADRIC . . . 224

12.1 The sphere. **12.2** Two spheres. **12.3** Spherical trigonometry. **12.4** Solution of spherical triangles. **12.5** The general quadric. **12.6** The simpler equation of the quadric. **12.7** The standard equations of the quadric.

CHAPTER 13. THE THEORY OF VECTORS 253

13.1 Definition of a vector. **13.2** The scalar product. **13.3** The vector product. **13.4** The triple products. **13.5** The motion of a charged particle in constant electric and magnetic fields.

CHAPTER 14. DIFFERENTIATION AND ITS APPLICATIONS . . 270

14.1 Theorems on differentiation. **14.2** The differential coefficients of the elementary functions. **14.3** Differential coefficients of the nth order. **14.4** Taylor's and Maclaurin's power series. **14.5** Application to series expansions. **14.6** Stationary values of functions of one

variable. **14.7** Small increments and limits. **14.8** Newton's method for the approximate solution of equations. **14.9** Curvature in Cartesian coordinates. **14.10** Further considerations of curvature. **14.11** Curvature in polar coordinates. **14.12** Some special curves.

CHAPTER 15. PARTIAL DIFFERENTIATION 320

15.1 Partial derivatives. **15.2** The Taylor expansion of a function of two variables. **15.3** Change of variable in first order differential coefficients. **15.4** Change of variable in second order differential coefficients. **15.5** Small errors. **15.6** Stationary values. **15.7** Envelopes. **15.8** Tangent planes and normals to surfaces.

CHAPTER 16. INTEGRATION AND SOME APPLICATIONS . . 356

16.1 Definition of an integral. **16.2** Standard forms for integration. **16.3** The use of algebraic and trigonometric identities. **16.4** Integration by change of variable. **16.5** Integration by parts. **16.6** Infinite integrals. **16.7** The logarithmic integral. **16.8** Simpson's rule for approximate integration. **16.9** Derivatives of parametric integrals. **16.10** Reduction formulae. **16.11** Various elements and their integrals.

CHAPTER 17. SIMPLE MULTIPLE INTEGRALS 399

17.1 Definitions. **17.2** Polar coordinates. **17.3** Change of variable. **17.4** Triple integrals.

CHAPTER 18. FOURIER SERIES 415

18.1 Some special integrals. **18.2** Fourier series of period 2π. **18.3** Half-range Fourier series. **18.4** Fourier series of general period. **18.5** Harmonic analysis.

CHAPTER 19. FIRST ORDER DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS . . 432

19.1 Definitions. **19.2** Formation of differential equations. **19.3** Separable equations. **19.4** Exact equations. **19.5** Equations not of the first degree. **19.6** Linear first order equations. **19.7** Families of curves.

CHAPTER 20. SECOND ORDER DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS . 453

20.1 Equations in which the independent variable is absent. **20.2** The homogeneous linear equation with constant coefficients. **20.3** The inhomogeneous equation. **20.4** Methods for finding the particular integral. **20.5** Change of the dependent variable. **20.6** Change of the independent variable. **20.7** Simultaneous differential equations. **20.8** An oscillatory system of one particle. **20.9** An oscillatory system of two particles. **20.10** Power-series solutions. **20.11** The Laplace transform. **20.12** The solution of differential equations. **20.13** Laplace transforms of some special functions.

CHAPTER 21. THE SOLUTION OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS BY THE METHOD OF SEPARATION OF VARIABLES 495

21.1 The general solution of the wave equation. **21.2** The general theory of separated solutions. **21.3** The separated solutions for the wave equation. **21.4** The partial differential equation of heat conduction. **21.5** Steady heat flow in rectangular plates. **21.6** Time-varying heat flow in an insulated rod. **21.7** The diffusion equation.

CHAPTER 22. TOPICS IN ELEMENTARY STATICS . . . 517

22.1 The equilibrium of a rigid body under a system of forces. **22.2** Shearing forces and bending moments. **22.3** The deflexion of a beam. **22.4** Theory of struts. **22.5** Revision notes on hydrostatics.

CHAPTER 23. TOPICS IN ELEMENTARY AND ADVANCED DYNAMICS 545

23.1 Résumé of dynamical principles applied to a particle. **23.2** Motion in a resisting medium. **23.3** Rotation of a rigid body about a fixed axis. **23.4** The general motion of a lamina in a plane. **23.5** The impulsive motion of a lamina in a plane. **23.6** The equations of motion in polar coordinates. **23.7** Central orbits.

CHAPTER 24. STATISTICS 586

24.1 The mean. **24.2** Variance and standard deviation. **24.3** The combination of two sets of observations. **24.4** Frequency distributions. **24.5** Continuous distributions. **24.6** One fundamental problem of statistics. **24.7** The elements of probability theory. **24.8** The binomial distribution. **24.9** The Poisson distribution. **24.10** The normal distribution. **24.11** Sampling theory. **24.12** A note on quality control. **24.13** The method of least squares and correlation.

CHAPTER 25. MATRIX THEORY 621

25.1 Definitions. **25.2** Multiplication of matrices. **25.3** Applications of matrix notation. **25.4** Multiplication of determinants. **25.5** The reciprocal of a non-singular square matrix A. **25.6** Orthogonal matrices. **25.7** Rotation of rectangular axes. **25.8** Characteristic roots and vectors. **25.9** Properties of the roots and vectors. **25.10** Applications of characteristic roots and vectors. **25.11** Inconsistent linear equations.

CHAPTER 26. VECTOR ANALYSIS 655

26.1 The gradient of a scalar function. **26.2** Line integrals. **26.3** Divergence of a vector field. **26.4** The curl of a vector field. **26.5** Solid angles. **26.6** Formal definitions. **26.7** The divergence theorem, Gauss's or Green's theorem. **26.8** Green's theorem. **26.9** Stokes' theorem.

INDEX 684