

Contents

<i>List of Tables</i>	xvi
<i>List of Figures</i>	xviii
<i>Conventions and Abbreviations</i>	xix
Introduction	1
0.1. Why Another History of French?	1
0.2. Reconstruction	3
0.3. History and Language	6
PART I: LANGUAGE CHANGE	9
1. Defining the Domain	11
1.1. What is French?	11
1.2. When was France?	14
1.3. Periodization	16
1.4. So What has Changed?	20
1.5. Linguistic Features of Modern French	23
1.6. When did these Features Arise?	26
1.7. What has Changed during the Modern French Period?	27
1.8. Are the French Creoles a Sort of Modern French?	28
1.9. When did the Creoles Come into Being?	32
1.10. Standardization: Language Planning and Language Policy	33
1.11. What is a Standard Language?	34
1.12. What has to be Done to Standardize? Selection	36
Elaboration: Normalization or Status Planning	39
Codification: Normativization or Corpus Planning	40
1.13. Was French Standardization Planned?	46

1.14. Why Have a Standard?	46
1.15. Orthographical Reform	50
Further Reading	55
2. Sociolinguistic History of French	57
2.1. Social History and Language, or Sociolinguistic History?	57
2.2. Popular Culture and Language	58
2.3. Urbanization and (De)Proletarianization	59
2.4. Mass Literacy	60
2.5. Schooling	60
2.6. Sociolinguistic Variation	63
2.7. Evidence for Variation at Past Periods	64
2.8. Social Change and Linguistic Change	70
2.9. Causes of Social Change	71
2.10. Socioeconomic Class and Language Change	72
2.11. Popular French	73
2.12. The Role of the Sexes in Language Change	78
2.13. Age and Language Change	79
2.14. Regional Variation and Language Change	80
2.15. The Spread of French in France	83
2.16. Resistance to the Spread of French within France	86
2.17. Beyond the Frontiers of France	89
2.18. Success Story?	90
2.19. Spread of French Overseas	91
2.20. Dialect and Creole	95
Further Reading	99
PART II: LINGUISTIC CHANGE	103
3. Processes of Linguistic Change	105
3.1. Language History and Historical Linguistics	105
3.2. Language Change and Linguistic Change	106
3.3. Synchronic and Diachronic Linguistics	107
3.4. <i>Langue, parole</i> , and Norm	109
3.5. Community or Individual Language?	109
3.6. The Role of Language Acquisition	112
3.7. Differences between Languages	112
3.8. Principles and Parameters	113
3.9. Abductive Change	115

3.10. Time's Arrow	118
3.11. Cycles	120
3.12. Drift	120
3.13. Is Change Gradual?	123
3.14. Creolization	127
3.15. Is Change Inevitable?	131
3.16. Interaction between Changes in Subsystems	137
3.17. Evidence	139
Further Reading	142
4. Lexical Change	143
4.1. Lexical Change	143
4.2. Can the Lexicon of a Language Change?	145
4.3. Etymology	148
4.4. Lexical Loss	152
4.5. Lexical Inflation	155
4.6. Borrowing	156
4.7. Word-Formation	165
4.8. Dictionaries and the Evolution of the Lexicon	171
4.9. Synonymy	172
4.10. <i>Lexicologie</i>	181
Further Reading	183
5. Semantic Change	185
5.1. Semantic Change	185
5.2. Semantic Change in Individual Lexical Items	187
5.3. Causes of Lexical Semantic Change	190
5.4. Semantic Fields	193
5.5. Utterance Meaning	195
5.6. Tense, Aspect, Mood (TAM)	198
5.7. The Past Imperfect	200
5.8. Other Past Tenses	203
5.9. Periphrastic Verb-Forms	206
5.10. Subjunctive	208
5.11. Definiteness	211
Further Reading	214
6. Phonological Change	216
6.1. Phonological Change—General	216
6.2. Chronology	223

6.3.	Is There a Phonetic Basis for Changes in the History of French?	225
6.4.	Nasal Vowels	230
6.5.	Palatals	242
6.6.	The Simplification of <i>l mouillé</i>	249
6.7.	'Palatal' <i>u</i>	250
6.8.	Diphthongization and Diphthong Levelling	252
6.9.	Word-Final Consonants and <i>liaison</i>	262
6.10.	<i>E muet, e instable, e caduc, e féminin</i>	266
6.11.	<i>Loi de position</i>	273
6.12.	Vowel Length	282
6.13.	French <i>r</i>	288
6.14.	Spelling Pronunciation	290
	Further Reading	292
7.	Morphological Change	294
7.1.	Morphology	294
7.2.	Morphologization	297
7.3.	Grammaticalization	298
	A. Verb Morphology	300
7.4.	Irregular Verbs: Suppletion	300
7.5.	Verb-Person Markers	302
7.6.	Plural versus Singular	304
7.7.	First and Second Person Plural	305
7.8.	Apophony and Analogy in the Present Indicative Paradigms	306
7.9.	Coda Consonant Deletion in Verb-Roots	312
7.10.	Long and Short Roots	313
7.11.	Imperfect Endings	316
7.12.	The <i>passé simple</i>	317
7.13.	The Future and Conditional	319
7.14.	The Subjunctive Forms	324
	B. Nominal and Pronominal Morphology	325
7.15.	Gender Markers	325
7.16.	Morphological Case	331
7.17.	Old French Nominal Case	332
7.18.	The Possessives	335
7.19.	Demonstratives	340
	Further Reading	343

8. Syntactic Change	344
8.1. Syntax	344
8.2. What Counts as a Syntactic Change in the History of French?	347
8.3. Word-Order	349
8.4. Changes in Word-Order Typology in French	356
8.5. Adjective Placement	360
8.6. Interrogation	363
8.7. Negation	369
8.8. 'Pro-Drop' and the Extension of the Use of Pronoun Subjects	377
8.9. <i>Qui/que</i>	380
8.10. The Creation of the Definite Article	381
8.11. Partitive Determiners	390
8.12. Object Clitics	394
8.13. Proclisis or Preposing?	400
8.14. Clitic Climbing	401
8.15. Clitic Arrays (or Clusters)	404
8.16. Adverbial Clitics	407
8.17. Agreement	410
Further Reading	416
In Place of a Conclusion	419
<i>Bibliography</i>	425
<i>Name Index</i>	489
<i>Subject Index</i>	499