

Contents

Introduction	1
 Part I. Historical challenges	
1. Democracy and language in late imperial Russia	15
2. Divided speech communities of the Soviet Union	35
 Part II. Theoretical approaches	
3. G.G. Shpet, linguistic structure, and the Eurasian imperative in Soviet language reform	59
4. N.Ia. Marr, language history, and the Stalin cultural revolution	81
 Part III. Practical experiments	
5. Mass mobilizing for Russian literacy: scripts, grammar and style	103
6. "A revolution for the east": Latin alphabets and their polemics	121
 Part IV. Statist solutions	
7. The official campaign for Russian language culture	143
8. Stalin's linguistic theories as cultural conquest	161
 Conclusion	 175
 Abbreviations and acronyms	 181
Notes	185
Archival sources	225
References	229
Index	287