

# Contents

Introduction	I
1. Aristotle's Philosophy of Science	5
2. The Pythagorean Orientation	16
3. The Ideal of Deductive Systematization	23
4. Atomism and the Concept of Underlying Mechanism	27
5. Affirmation and Development of Aristotle's Method in the Medieval Period	29
6. The Debate over Saving the Appearances	45
7. The Seventeenth-Century Attack on Aristotelian Philosophy	54
I. GALILEO	54
II. FRANCIS BACON	63
III. DESCARTES	73
8. Newton's Axiomatic Method	84
9. Analyses of the Implications of the New Science for a Theory of Scientific Method	100
I. THE COGNITIVE STATUS OF SCIENTIFIC LAWS	100
II. THEORIES OF SCIENTIFIC PROCEDURE	120
III. STRUCTURE OF SCIENTIFIC THEORIES	137
10. Inductivism <i>v.</i> the Hypothetico-Deductive View of Science	153
11. Mathematical Positivism and Conventionalism	166
12. Logical Reconstructionist Philosophy of Science	183
13. Orthodoxy under Attack	203
14. Theories of Scientific Progress	222
15. Explanation, Causation, and Unification	237

16. Confirmation and Evidential Support	244
17. The Justification of Evaluative Standards	254
18. The Debate over Scientific Realism	267
19. Descriptive Philosophies of Science	277
Select Bibliography	286
Index of Proper Names	314
Index of Subjects	318