

# CONTENTS

<b>PREFACE</b>	<i>xi</i>
<b>INTRODUCTION</b>	<i>1</i>
<b>PART I. THE BEGINNING : 1786–1850</b>	<i>7</i>
<i>Chapter 1: Immanuel Kant (1724–1804)</i>	<i>9</i>
Introduction	<i>9</i>
Selective Bibliography	<i>15</i>
PREFACE TO THE METAPHYSICAL FOUNDATIONS OF NATURAL SCIENCE	<i>17</i>
<i>Chapter 2: Sir John Frederick William Herschel (1792–1871)</i>	<i>28</i>
Introduction	<i>28</i>
Selective Bibliography	<i>30</i>
OF THE PRINCIPLES ON WHICH PHYSICAL SCIENCE RELIES FOR ITS SUCCESSFUL PROSECUTION, ETC.	<i>31</i>
Of Experience As the Source of Our Knowledge	<i>31</i>
Of the Analysis of Phenomena	<i>35</i>
<i>Chapter 3: William Whewell (1794–1866)</i>	<i>47</i>
Introduction	<i>47</i>
Selective Bibliography	<i>49</i>
ON THE NATURE AND CONDITIONS OF INDUCTIVE SCIENCE	<i>51</i>
A. Introduction	<i>51</i>
B. Of Fundamental Ideas	<i>52</i>
Of Necessary Truths	<i>52</i>
Of Experience	<i>56</i>
Of the Grounds of Necessary Truths	<i>59</i>
The Fundamental Ideas Are Not Derived from Experience	<i>63</i>
Of the Philosophy of the Sciences	<i>65</i>
C. Philosophy of the Mechanical Sciences	<i>66</i>
Of the Idea of Cause	<i>66</i>
Of the Axioms Which Relate to the Idea of Cause	<i>69</i>
D. On the Process of Discovery	<i>74</i>
Of the Colligation of Facts	<i>74</i>
Of Certain Characteristics of Scientific Induction	<i>75</i>
Of the Logic of Induction	<i>76</i>
Of Laws of Phenomena and of Causes	<i>77</i>
<i>Chapter 4: John Stuart Mill (1806–1873)</i>	<i>80</i>
Introduction	<i>80</i>
Selective Bibliography	<i>82</i>
OF INDUCTION	<i>83</i>

Preliminary Observations on Induction in General	83
Of Inductions Improperly So Called	84
Of the Ground of Induction	87
Of Laws of Nature	89
Of the Law of Universal Causality	94
Of the Evidence of the Law of Universal Causation	99

## **PART II. THE LATTER PART OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY : 1870–1899** 105

<i>Chapter 5: Hermann Ludwig Ferdinand Von Helmholtz (1821–1894)</i>	107
Introduction	107
Selective Bibliography	109
ON THE ORIGIN AND SIGNIFICANCE OF GEOMETRICAL AXIOMS	111
<i>Chapter 6: William Stanley Jevons (1835–1882)</i>	133
Introduction	133
Selective Bibliography	135
PHILOSOPHY OF INDUCTIVE INFERENCE	137
Introduction	137
Various Classes of Inductive Truths	138
The Relation of Cause and Effect	139
Fallacious Use of the Term Cause	140
Confusion of Two Questions	141
Definition of the Term Cause	142
Distinction of Inductive and Deductive Results	144
The Grounds of Inductive Inference	145
<i>Chapter 7: Johann Bernard Stallo (1823–1900)</i>	147
Introduction	147
Selective Bibliography	149
THE KINETIC THEORY OF GASES—CONDITIONS OF THE VALIDITY OF SCIENTIFIC HYPOTHESES	151
<i>Chapter 8: Ernst Mach (1838–1916)</i>	170
Introduction	170
Selective Bibliography	172
THE ECONOMICAL NATURE OF PHYSICAL INQUIRY	174
<i>Chapter 9: Karl Pearson (1857–1936)</i>	188
Introduction	188
Selective Bibliography	190
PERCEPTUAL AND CONCEPTUAL SPACE	191
Conceptions and Perceptions	191
Sameness and Continuity	193
Conceptual Space. Geometrical Boundaries	195
Surfaces as Boundaries	197
Conceptual Discontinuity of Bodies. The Atom	199
Conceptual Continuity. Ether	202
On the General Nature of Scientific Conceptions	203

<b>Chapter 10: Émile Boutroux (1845–1921)</b>	206
Introduction	206
Selective Bibliography	208
THE MECHANICAL LAWS	209
<b>Chapter 11: Heinrich Rudolf Hertz (1857–1894)</b>	223
Introduction	223
Selective Bibliography	226
ON THE APPROPRIATENESS, CORRECTNESS, AND PERMISSIBILITY OF SCIENTIFIC THEORIES	227
<b>Chapter 12: Ludwig Boltzmann (1844–1906)</b>	243
Introduction	243
Selective Bibliography	245
ON THE FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES AND BASIC EQUATIONS OF MECHANICS	246
<b>PART III. THE FIRST DECADE OF THE TWENTIETH CENTURY</b>	261
<b>Chapter 13: Henri Jules Poincaré (1854–1912)</b>	263
Introduction	263
Selective Bibliography	265
<i>Science and Reality</i>	267
Contingence and Determinism	267
Objectivity of Science	273
The Rotation of the Earth	279
Science for Its Own Sake	280
<b>Chapter 14: Charles Sanders Peirce (1839–1914)</b>	281
Introduction	281
Selective Bibliography	283
MILL ON INDUCTION	285
<b>Chapter 15: Pierre Maurice Marie Duhem (1861–1916)</b>	295
Introduction	295
Selective Bibliography	297
PHYSICAL LAW	299
The Laws of Physics Are Symbolic Relations	299
A Law of Physics Is, Properly Speaking, Neither True Nor False But Approximate	302
Every Law of Physics Is Provisional and Relative Because It Is Approximate	306
Every Physical Law Is Provisional Because It Is Symbolic	308
The Laws of Physics Are More Detailed Than the Laws of Common Sense	312
<b>Chapter 16: Wilhelm Ostwald (1853–1932)</b>	314
Introduction	314
Selective Bibliography	316
ENERGETISM AND MECHANICS	318
General	318

Mechanics	318
Kinetic Energy	320
Mass and Matter	323
Energetic Mechanics	324
The Mechanistic Theories	325
<b>Chapter 17: Émile Meyerson (1859–1933)</b>	328
Introduction	328
Selective Bibliography	330
IDENTITY OF THOUGHT AND NATURE AS THE FINAL GOAL OF SCIENCE	331
<b>Chapter 18: Ernst Cassirer (1874–1945)</b>	348
Introduction	348
Selective Bibliography	350
ON FUNCTIONAL CONCEPTS IN NATURAL SCIENCE	352
Robert Mayer's Methodology of Natural Science	352
Hypotheses and Natural Laws	353
The Presuppositions of Physical "Measurement"	354
The Physical "Fact" and the Physical "Theory"	356
Units of Measurement	358
The Verification of Physical Hypotheses	358
The Motive of Serial Construction	360
The Physical Concepts of Series	363
<b>PART IV. TOWARD CONTEMPORARY PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE: 1910–1927</b>	365
<b>Chapter 19: Charlie Dunbar Broad (1887–</b>	367
Introduction	367
Selective Bibliography	369
ON PHENOMENALISM	370
<b>Chapter 20: Bertrand Russell (1872–</b>	386
Introduction	386
Selective Bibliography	389
THE WORLD OF PHYSICS AND THE WORLD OF SENSE	390
<b>Chapter 21: Alfred North Whitehead (1861–1947)</b>	410
Introduction	410
Selective Bibliography	413
TIME, SPACE, AND MATERIAL: ARE THEY, AND IF SO IN WHAT SENSE, THE ULTIMATE DATA OF SCIENCE?	414
<b>Chapter 22: Norman Robert Campbell (1880–1949)</b>	425
Introduction	425
Selective Bibliography	427
THE MEANING OF SCIENCE	428
Two Criteria in Science	428
Truth and Meaning	432
Some Historical Considerations	435

Science and Imagination	440
Science and Art	444
<b>Chapter 23: Moritz Schlick (1882–1936)</b>	<b>447</b>
Introduction	447
Selective Bibliography	449
BASIC ISSUES OF PHILOSOPHY OF NATURAL SCIENCE	450
The Task of Philosophy of Nature	450
Description and Explanation	453
The Construction of Theories	456
Theories and Pictorial Models	459
<b>Chapter 24: Percy Williams Bridgman (1882–1961)</b>	<b>461</b>
Introduction	461
Selective Bibliography	463
DETAILED CONSIDERATION OF VARIOUS CONCEPTS OF PHYSICS	465
The Concept of Space	465
The Concept of Time	467
The Causality Concept	473
<b>NAME INDEX</b>	<b>483</b>
<b>INDEX OF SUBJECTS</b>	<b>487</b>