CONTENTS

CHAPTER I.	
INTRODUCTORY	FAGE
CHAPTER II.	
THE DOCTRINES STATED.	
The 'Belfast Addresses'—Their meaning—Necessary limitations—Outline of the doctrine of Evolution	9
CHAPTER III.	
THE PHYSICAL BASIS OF LIFE.	
Mr. Herbert Spencer's Philosophy—Professor Huxley's Doctrine of 'Protoplasm'	35
CHAPTER IV.	
HUMAN AUTOMATISM.	
Arguments from Pathology; from Comparative Anatomy; and from Physiology—Physicism and Automatism—Professor Huxley's 'threefold unity'—His chemical theories—Materialism—Conclusion	61

CHAPTER V.

ORGANIC EVOLUTION.

Statement of the doctrine—Professor Tyndall's views—Origin of life and organic matter—Theory of continuity—Chemical relations—Organic force—Conservation and correlation of forces—Life theories compared with physical theories—Conclusion	PAG 74
CHAPTER VI.	
ORIGIN OF SPECIES.	
Alleged superiority of Evolution over all other theories of Ontology—Mr. Spencer's 'Evanescence of Evil'—Origin and transmutation of species—Various theories—Mr. Darwin's 'Natural Selection'—Absence of all evidence—Abandonment of the theory—Conclusion	105
CHAPTER VII.	
THE PEDIGREE OF MAN.	
Origin of species, continued—Arguments from Morphology and Embryology—Descent of Man—Professor Huxley's doctrine—Structure and essential nature—Mr. Darwin's views—'Our Ancestors'—Haeckel's 'Pedigree of Man'—Conclusion	
	126