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**IVAN MIKHAILOVICH SECHENOV (1829-1905):** Reflex Theory of Mental Activity. **IVAN PETROVICH PAVLOV (1849-1936):** Conditioned Reflex or Classical Conditioning. Conditioned Reflexes. First and Second Signal Systems. Dynamic Stereotype Theory. Theory of Analyzers. The Rule of the Summation of Conditioned Stimuli. Theory of Types: Genotype and Phenotype. **BORIS MIKHAILOVICH TEPLOV (1896-1965):** Typology. **SOKOLOV (1920- ):** Orienting Reflex. **VLADIMIR MIKHAILOVICH BEKHTEREV (1867-1927):** Reflexology. Reflexology as a Psychology. **KONSTANTIN NIKOLAYEVICH KORNILOV (1879-1957):** Reactology. **ALEKSEY ALEKSEYEVICH UKHTOMSKY (1884-1942):** Theory of the Dominant.

**(C) THE PEDOLOGICAL PERIOD IN RUSSIAN PSYCHOLOGY**

**PAVEL PETROVICH BLONSKY (1884-1941):** Pedological Theory.

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**Soho Takuan (1573-1645); Baigan Ishida (1685-1744); Toan Tejima (1718-1786); Ho Kamada (1753-1821); Mabuchi Kamo (1697-1769); Seisho Fujitani (1737-1778); Mitsue Fijitani (1767-1832); Norinaga Motoori (1725-1801): PRE-TWENTIETH CENTURY JAPANESE PSYCHOLOGY. Early Japanese Philosophical Psychology.**

**(B) FOUNDERS OF JAPANESE EXPERIMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY**

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**(C) BEHAVIORISM MAKES ITS DEBUT IN JAPAN**

Matsumoto's Disciples: **Asataro Narasaki (1882- )** and **Kwanichi Tanaka (1882-1962)**. **Narasaki**: Importer of Watsonian Behaviorism into Japan. Behaviorism Meets with Opposition: **Chiba** and **Kido**. Proposed Behavioristic Reconciliations: **Masuda**. **Kuroda**: Japan's Prominent Animal Psychologist.

**(D) INTRODUCTION OF GESTALT PSYCHOLOGY INTO JAPAN**

**KANAE SAKUMA (1888-1970): Psycholinguistics**

**(E) THE RETURN OF ZEN PSYCHOLOGY**

**SHOMA MORITA (1874-1938) AND KOJI SATO (1905-1971): Zen Psychology.** Morita Therapy: The Application of Zen Buddhism to Psychotherapy. Shinkeishitsu and Arugamama. Four Stages of Morita Therapy. Koji Sato's Zen Psychology. Psychology of Zen. Relation of Zen Psychology to Western Psychology.

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