CONTENTS

PART I: Forced Relocation and Labor Recruitment for the Katanga Copper Mines

1.	The Katanga Labor Exchange (1910 – 1913)	13
2.	The Star of the Congo, Kambove Mines and	
	Lubumbashi Foundry (1914 – 1916)	41
3.	Union Minière: The Corporation as Maneater (1917 – 1918)	61
4.	Gaston Heenen and Edgar Sengier,	
	Forced Labor Boosters (1919 – 1923)	79
5.	Collieries Without Showers (1924)	105
6.	Heenen versus Rutten (1925 – 1926)	129
7.	Mass Labor-Recruitment in the	
	Pre-Depression Years (1927 – 1930)	165
	PART II: Forced Labor and Compulsory Food Crop Far	ming
	at Kilo-Moto Gold Mines	
8.	Gold: The Plague of the First Decade (1905 – 1914)	195
9.	Officials Come and Go; The Plague Persists (1915 – 1917)	217
10.	Tinkering with the Forced Labor System (1917 – 1918)	249
11.	Adolphe Demeulemeester Was Here (1919)	271
12.	George Moulaert: The Moralist as Autocrat (1920 – 1921)	289
13.	Military Occupation (1922 – 1924):	
	From 7,500 to 17,500 Forced Laborers	309
١4.	Palaver Time (1925)	329
15.	Alfred Moeller: Master of Trenchant Criticism	
	Within Established Limits (1926 – 1927)	353
6.	Recruitment Under "Moral Pressure" (1928 – 1930)	383
17.	Consolidating the System (1931 – 1933)	413
	Afterword	439
	Notes	