

Contents

1	What Is NONLINEAR?	1
1.1	Nature and Science	1
1.1.1	<i>Natura Vexata</i>	1
1.1.2	Syndrome	4
1.1.3	<i>Déconstruction of Linear Theory</i>	5
1.2	The Scale of Phenomenon / Theory with Scale	6
1.2.1	The Role of <i>Scale</i> in Scientific Revolutions	6
1.2.2	The Mathematical Recognition of <i>Scale</i>	8
1.3	The Territory of Linear Theory	10
1.3.1	Linear Space —The Horizon of Mathematical Science	10
1.3.2	The Mathematical Definition of Vectors	12
1.3.3	Graphs—Geometric Representation of Laws	15
1.3.4	Exponential Law	20
1.4	Nonlinearity—Phenomenology and Structures	24
1.4.1	Nonlinear Phenomena	24
1.4.2	The Typology of Distortion	25
1.4.3	Nonlinearity Emerging in Small Scale— <i>Singularity</i>	27
1.4.4	Nonlinearity Escaping from Linearity— <i>Criticality</i>	29
1.4.5	Bifurcation (Polyvalency) and Discontinuity	31
Notes	33	
Problems	41	
Solutions	41	
References	43	
2	From Cosmos to Chaos	45
2.1	The Order of Nature—A Geometric View	45
2.1.1	Galileo's Natural Philosophy	45
2.1.2	Geometric Description of Events	46
2.1.3	Universality Discovered by Newton	48
2.2	Function—The Mathematical Representation of Order	52
2.2.1	Motion and Function	52
2.2.2	Nonlinear Regime	54

2.2.3	Beyond the Functional Representation of Motion	56
2.3	Decomposition—Elucidation of Order	58
2.3.1	The Mathematical Representation of Causality	58
2.3.2	Exponential Law—A Basic Form of <i>Group</i>	60
2.3.3	<i>Resonance</i> —Undecomposable Motion	62
2.3.4	Nonlinear Dynamics—An Infinite Chain of Interacting Modes	65
2.3.5	Chaos—Motion in the Infinite Period	67
2.3.6	Separability/Inseparability	69
2.4	Invariance in Dynamics	74
2.4.1	Constants of Motion	74
2.4.2	<i>Chaos</i> —True Evolution	80
2.4.3	Collective Order	81
2.4.4	Complete Solution—The Frame of Space Embodimenting Order	83
2.4.5	The Difficulty of <i>Infinity</i>	85
2.5	Symmetry and Conservation Law	86
2.5.1	Symmetry in Dynamical System	86
2.5.2	The Deep Structure of Dynamical System	87
2.5.3	The Translation of Motion and Non-motion	91
2.5.4	Chaos—The Impossibility of Decomposition	94
Notes	.....	97
Problems	.....	105
Solutions	.....	106
References	.....	109
3	The Challenge of Macro-Systems	111
3.1	The Difficulty of Prediction	111
3.1.1	Chaos in Phenomenological Recognition	111
3.1.2	Stability	112
3.1.3	Attractors	116
3.1.4	Stability and Integrability	119
3.2	Randomness as Hypothetical Simplicity	121
3.2.1	Stochastic Process	121
3.2.2	Representation of Motion by Transition Probability	123
3.2.3	H-Theorem	125
3.2.4	Statistical Equilibrium	127
3.2.5	Statistically Plausible Particular Solutions	131
3.3	Collective Phenomena	132
3.3.1	Nonequilibrium and Macroscopic Dynamics	132
3.3.2	A Model of Collective Motion	133
3.3.3	A Statistical Model of Collisions	137
Notes	.....	140
Problems	.....	147

Solutions	148
References	150
4 Interactions of Micro and Macro Hierarchies	153
4.1 Structure and Scale Hierarchy	153
4.1.1 Crossing-Over Hierarchies	153
4.1.2 Connection of Scale Hierarchies—Structure	154
4.2 Topology—A System of Differences	157
4.2.1 The Topology of Geometry	157
4.2.2 Scale Hierarchy and Topology	158
4.2.3 Fractals—Aggregates of Scales	159
4.3 The Scale of Event / The Scale of Law	161
4.3.1 Scaling and Representation	161
4.3.2 Scale Separation	164
4.3.3 Spontaneous Selection of Scale by Nonlinearity	167
4.3.4 Singularity—Ideal Limit of Scale-Invariant Structure	168
4.4 Connections of Scale Hierarchies	170
4.4.1 Complexity—Structures with Multiple Aspects	170
4.4.2 Singular Perturbation	171
4.4.3 Collaborations of Nonlinearity and Singular Perturbation ..	174
4.4.4 Localized Structures in Space–Time	178
4.4.5 Irreducible Couplings of Multi-Scales	183
Notes	187
Problems	201
Solutions	202
References	206
Index	209