

Contents

<i>List of contributors</i>	<i>page ix</i>
<i>Preface</i>	xi
1 Introduction	1
1.1 Information theory versus coding theory	1
1.2 Model and basic operations of information processing systems	2
1.3 Information source	4
1.4 Encoding a source alphabet	5
1.5 Octal and hexadecimal codes	8
1.6 Outline of the book	9
<i>References</i>	11
2 Error-detecting codes	13
2.1 Review of modular arithmetic	13
2.2 Independent errors – white noise	15
2.3 Single parity-check code	17
2.4 The ASCII code	19
2.5 Simple burst error-detecting code	21
2.6 Alphabet plus number codes – weighted codes	22
2.7 Trade-off between redundancy and error-detecting capability	27
2.8 Further reading	30
<i>References</i>	30
3 Repetition and Hamming codes	31
3.1 Arithmetics in the binary field	33
3.2 Three-times repetition code	34

3.3	Hamming code	40
3.3.1	Some historical background	40
3.3.2	Encoding and error correction of the (7,4) Hamming code	42
3.3.3	Hamming bound: sphere packing	48
3.4	Further reading	52
	<i>References</i>	53
4	Data compression: efficient coding of a random message	55
4.1	A motivating example	55
4.2	Prefix-free or instantaneous codes	57
4.3	Trees and codes	58
4.4	The Kraft Inequality	62
4.5	Trees with probabilities	65
4.6	Optimal codes: Huffman code	66
4.7	Types of codes	73
4.8	Some historical background	78
4.9	Further reading	78
	<i>References</i>	79
5	Entropy and Shannon's Source Coding Theorem	81
5.1	Motivation	81
5.2	Uncertainty or entropy	86
5.2.1	Definition	86
5.2.2	Binary entropy function	88
5.2.3	The Information Theory Inequality	89
5.2.4	Bounds on the entropy	90
5.3	Trees revisited	92
5.4	Bounds on the efficiency of codes	95
5.4.1	What we cannot do: fundamental limitations of source coding	95
5.4.2	What we can do: analysis of the best codes	97
5.4.3	Coding Theorem for a Single Random Message	101
5.5	Coding of an information source	103
5.6	Some historical background	108
5.7	Further reading	110
5.8	Appendix: Uniqueness of the definition of entropy	111
	<i>References</i>	112

6	Mutual information and channel capacity	115
6.1	Introduction	115
6.2	The channel	116
6.3	The channel relationships	118
6.4	The binary symmetric channel	119
6.5	System entropies	122
6.6	Mutual information	126
6.7	Definition of channel capacity	130
6.8	Capacity of the binary symmetric channel	131
6.9	Uniformly dispersive channel	134
6.10	Characterization of the capacity-achieving input distribution	136
6.11	Shannon's Channel Coding Theorem	138
6.12	Some historical background	140
6.13	Further reading	141
	<i>References</i>	141
7	Approaching the Shannon limit by turbo coding	143
7.1	Information Transmission Theorem	143
7.2	The Gaussian channel	145
7.3	Transmission at a rate below capacity	146
7.4	Transmission at a rate above capacity	147
7.5	Turbo coding: an introduction	155
7.6	Further reading	159
7.7	Appendix: Why we assume uniform and independent data at the encoder	160
7.8	Appendix: Definition of concavity	164
	<i>References</i>	165
8	Other aspects of coding theory	167
8.1	Hamming code and projective geometry	167
8.2	Coding and game theory	175
8.3	Further reading	180
	<i>References</i>	182
	<i>References</i>	183
	<i>Index</i>	187