

CONTENTS

Illustrations	xi
Acknowledgements	xiii
Introduction	xv
1. <i>A Historiographical Gap: The State of Research on Crusading in Frankish Greece</i>	xviii
2. <i>Background: Crusading Aggression against Byzantium in the Twelfth Century</i>	xxvii
3. <i>Crusading in Frankish Greece in the Thirteenth Century: Overview of the Political Situation, Main Themes of the Examination, and Sources</i>	xxx
Chapter 1. Justification (1204–16): Innocent III and the Legitimization of Crusading against the Greeks	1
1. <i>The Latin Conquest and the Crusade for its Defence: Imperial Initiative and Papal Response</i>	2
2. <i>Factors and Motives for Innocent's Approval of Crusading in Frankish Greece: Policy and Theory</i>	12
3. <i>Papal Crusading Policy in Romania, 1205–08, and the Crusade of Bishop Nivelon of Soissons</i>	20
4. <i>The Latin Empire as a 'Crusader State'</i>	32
5. <i>Church Union and Crusading in Frankish Greece</i>	45
6. <i>Papal Policy and Crusading in Frankish Greece in the Latter Part of Innocent's Pontificate</i>	51
7. <i>Conclusions</i>	53

Chapter 2. Consolidation (1216–27): Honorius III and the Montferrat Crusade for the Kingdom of Thessalonica	57
1. <i>Honorius III: Crusade Policy and Priorities</i>	58
2. <i>The Crusade for the Liberation of Emperor Peter of Courtenay and Cardinal Legate John Colonna</i>	61
3. <i>The Montferrat Crusade for the Defence of the Kingdom of Thessalonica</i>	68
4. <i>Conclusions</i>	79
Chapter 3. Apogee (1227–41): Gregory IX and the Crusade against John III Vatatzes and John II Asen	83
1. <i>Frederick II and the Election of John of Brienne: Gregory's Early Crusade Involvement in Romania (1227–32)</i>	87
2. <i>Temporary Peace and Resumption of Hostilities: Church Union Negotiations with Nicaea (1232–34) as an Alternative to Crusading in Frankish Greece</i>	93
3. <i>Ut Israellem veteris: Initial Phase of the Crusade for the Latin Empire and the First Attempted Diversion of Holy Land Crusaders (December 1235–October 1236)</i>	99
4. <i>Ad subveniendum imperio: Intensification of the Efforts for the Constantinopolitan Crusade and the Introduction of the Argument of Heresy (December 1236–November 1238)</i>	102
5. <i>Baldwin's Crusade (November 1238–1239/40)</i>	120
6. <i>The End of Gregory's Efforts for the Latin Empire</i>	126
7. <i>Conclusions</i>	130
Chapter 4. Retrenchment (1241–61): Innocent IV, Alexander IV, and the Gradual Abandonment of the Latin Empire	135
1. <i>Continuities and Departures: Key Factors and Themes for the Period 1241–61</i>	136
2. <i>Innocent's Early Attitude to Crusading in Romania: Rhetoric and Reality</i>	139
3. <i>The First Council of Lyon and its Aftermath (1245–47)</i>	146
4. <i>Church Union Negotiations and Rapprochement with Nicaea: The Abandonment of Crusading Support for the Latin Empire</i>	159
5. <i>The Policy of Alexander IV</i>	172
6. <i>Conclusions</i>	175

Chapter 5. Revival and Reorientation (1261–82): Papal Crusading Policy between Michael Palaiologos and Charles of Anjou	179
1. 1261–82: <i>Outline of Main Events and Factors</i>	180
2. <i>The Crusade for the Restoration of the Latin Empire and the Defence of the Principality of Achaia under Urban IV (1261–64)</i>	182
3. <i>The Rise of Charles of Anjou during the Pontificate of Clement IV (1265–68) and the Vacancy of the Apostolic See (1268–71)</i>	201
4. <i>The Rejection of Crusading in Frankish Greece: Papal Policy under Gregory X (1271–76) and the Union of the Churches at the Second Council of Lyon (1274)</i>	217
5. <i>The Fate of Church Union and the Crusade in Frankish Greece under Gregory X's Successors (1276–80)</i>	231
6. <i>A Final Reversal: The Annulment of Union under Martin IV, the Sicilian Vespers, and the End of Angevin Designs on Constantinople (1282)</i>	238
Conclusion	251
Appendix I. Maps of Romania	275
Appendix II. Table of Rulers	277
Appendix III. Main Crusade Calls for Frankish Greece in the Thirteenth Century	279
Appendix IV. Preaching the Cross for Frankish Greece	283
Bibliography	291
Index	321