

1	Aortic Arch and Origin of the Cranial Cerebral Arteries	1
2	Carotid Artery (CA)	9
2.1	Cervical Segment	9
2.2	Petrosus Segment of ICA	10
2.3	Cavernous Segment of ICA	10
2.4	Supraclinoid Segment of ICA	12
2.4.1	In the Ophthalmic Segment Arise the Ophthalmic Artery and Superior Hypophyseal Arteries	12
2.4.2	In the Communicating Segment Arises the PcomA	18
2.4.3	In the Choroidal Segment Arise the Anterior Choroidal Artery and Often Perforators Directly from the ICA	19
2.5	Congenital Anomalies of the ICA	21
3	External Carotid Artery	27
3.1	Superior Thyroid Artery	27
3.2	Lingual Artery	28
3.3	Facial Artery	28
3.4	Ascending Pharyngeal Artery	29
3.5	Occipital Artery	32
3.6	Posterior Auricular Artery	32
3.7	Internal Maxillary Artery	32
3.7.1	Proximal Branches	34
3.7.2	Masticator Space	36
3.7.3	Distal IMA	37
3.7.4	The Terminal Branch	37
3.8	Superficial Temporal Artery	38
3.9	Summary	38
3.9.1	Vascular Malformations	38
3.9.2	Hemangiomas	39
3.9.3	Juvenile Angiofibromas	43
3.9.4	Paragangliomas (Chemodectomas)	43
3.9.5	Meningiomas	45
3.9.6	General Considerations in Endovascular Treatment in the ECA Area	47

4 Anterior Cerebral Artery	55
4.1 Precommunicating Segment	55
4.2 Distal Segments	56
4.2.1 Infracallosal Segment	56
4.2.2 Precallosal Segment	56
4.2.3 Supracallosal Segment	57
4.2.4 Cortical Branches	57
4.3 Anatomical Variations	58
4.4 Vascular Territories	60
4.5 Angiogram	61
5 Middle Cerebral Artery	67
5.1 M1 Segment	67
5.2 M2, M3, and M4 Segments	68
5.3 Anatomical Variations	72
5.4 Vascular Territories	72
5.5 Angiogram	77
6 Extra- and Intracranial Vertebrobasilar Sector	79
6.1 Extracranial Sector	79
6.1.1 Branches	79
6.2 Intracranial Sector	80
6.2.1 Branches of the VA	80
6.2.2 Branches of the Basilar Artery	83
6.2.3 Cortical–Subcortical Branches of the Cerebellar Arteries	87
6.2.4 Variants of Vertebral and Basilar Arteries	88
7 Posterior Cerebral Artery	95
7.1 P1 Segment	95
7.2 P2 Segment	97
7.3 P3 Segment	97
7.4 P4 Segment	97
7.5 Anatomical Variations	98
7.6 Vascular Territories	98
7.7 Angiogram	100
8 Vascular Territories	105
9 Cerebral Veins	109
9.1 Supratentorial Cerebral Veins	110
9.1.1 The Superficial System	110
9.1.2 The Deep System	112
9.2 Infratentorial Cerebral Veins (Veins of the Posterior Fossa)	119
9.2.1 Superior Group	120
9.2.2 Anterior Petrosal Group	121
9.2.3 Posterior Tentorial Group	124
9.3 Dural Sinuses	124
9.3.1 Superior Sagittal Sinus (SSS)	125
9.3.2 Inferior Sagittal Sinus (ISS)	125

9.3.3	Straight Sinus (SS)	125
9.3.4	Occipital Sinus (OS), Marginal Sinus (MS)	127
9.3.5	Transverse Sinus (TS)	127
9.3.6	Sigmoid Sinus (SiSs)	128
9.3.7	Superior Petrosal Sinus (SPS)	128
9.3.8	Inferior Petrosal Sinus (IPS)	128
9.3.9	Sphenoparietal Sinus (SpS)	130
9.3.10	Cavernous Sinus (CS)	130
9.3.11	Superior Ophthalmic Vein (SOV)	133
9.3.12	Inferior Ophthalmic Vein (IOV)	133
10	Extracranial Venous Drainage	135
10.1	Orbital Veins	135
10.2	Facial Veins	135
10.3	Retromandibular Vein	136
10.4	Posterior Auricular and Occipital Veins	136
10.5	Deep Cervical Vein	136
10.6	Venous Plexus of the Vertebral Artery	136
10.7	Emissary Veins	136
10.8	Diploic Veins	137
10.9	Internal Jugular Vein	137
11	Aneurysms	139
11.1	Incidence	139
11.2	Type and Location	139
11.3	Macroscopic Appearance	139
11.4	Pathogenesis	139
11.5	Clinical Presentation	140
11.6	Aneurysm Location	141
11.6.1	Extracranial ICA Aneurysms	141
11.6.2	Petrous Segment ICA Aneurysms	141
11.6.3	ICA Paraclinoid Aneurysms	141
11.6.4	Aneurysms of the Communicating and Choroidal Segments	142
11.6.5	Aneurysms of the Carotid Bifurcation	143
11.6.6	Anterior Cerebral Artery Aneurysms	147
11.6.7	MCA Aneurysms	147
11.6.8	Aneurysms of the Posterior Circulation	148
11.7	Dissecting Aneurysms	156
11.8	Fusiform and Giant Aneurysms	160
11.9	Diagnosis and Treatment	162
11.10	Unruptured Aneurysms	163
11.11	Negative Angiograms in Patients with SAH	164
11.12	Vasospasm	164
11.13	Aneurysms in Children	166
12	Vascular Malformations of the Central Nervous System	167
12.1	Introduction	167
12.2	Classification	167

12.3	Arteriovenous Malformations	167
12.3.1	Pathogenesis and Pathology.....	167
12.3.2	Incidence	168
12.3.3	Clinical Relevance	168
12.3.4	Location	169
12.3.5	Diagnosis	169
12.3.6	Treatment.....	182
12.4	Cavernous Malformations (Cavernomas)	186
12.4.1	Pathology	186
12.4.2	Incidence	186
12.4.3	Location	188
12.4.4	Diagnosis and Clinical Relevance	188
12.5	Capillary Malformations (Telangiectasias)	189
12.6	Developmental Venous Anomaly (DVA).....	190
12.6.1	Pathology	190
12.6.2	Incidence	190
12.6.3	Diagnosis and Clinical Relevance	190
12.7	Central Nervous System Vascular Malformation: Part of Well-Defined Congenital or Hereditary Syndromes	190
12.7.1	Rendu–Osler Syndrome (Hereditary Hemorrhagic Telangiectasias)	190
12.7.2	Sturge–Weber Syndrome (Encephalotrigeminal Angiomatosis)	190
12.7.3	Wyburn–Mason Syndrome	192
12.7.4	Klippel–Trenaunay–Weber Syndrome	192
12.8	Arteriovenous Shunts Involving the Vein of Galen	192
13	Dural Arteriovenous Fistulas	199
13.1	Incidence	199
13.2	Pathology and Pathogenesis.....	199
13.3	Clinical Relevance	200
13.4	Location	200
13.5	Diagnosis	200
13.6	Classification	200
13.7	Situations Deserving More Detailed Consideration	201
13.8	DAVFs in Pediatric Patients.....	238
14	Arteriovenous Fistulas	241
14.1	Carotid–Cavernous Fistulas.....	241
14.1.1	Clinical Presentation	241
14.1.2	Diagnosis and Treatment.....	241
14.2	Vertebral Arteriovenous Fistulas	244
14.2.1	Clinical Presentation	244
14.2.2	Diagnosis and Treatment.....	244
15	Ischemic Stroke.....	247
15.1	Pathology.....	247
15.2	Location	248

15.3	Mechanisms Leading to Ischemia	248
15.4	Mechanism of Ischemia of the Anterior Circulation	249
15.4.1	Carotid Artery	249
15.4.2	Middle Cerebral Artery	255
15.4.3	Anterior Choroidal Artery	266
15.4.4	Anterior Cerebral Artery	266
15.4.5	Lacunar Infarcts in the Anterior Circulation	268
15.5	Posterior Circulation	269
15.5.1	Subclavian and Innominate Arteries	269
15.5.2	Vertebral Artery	270
15.5.3	Basilar Artery	270
15.5.4	Cerebellar Arteries	275
15.5.5	Border-Zone Infarcts	276
15.5.6	Posterior Cerebral Artery	278
15.6	Changes in the Venous Sector	285
15.7	Collateral Circulation	286
15.7.1	Collateral Circulation Between Intracranial Arteries	286
15.7.2	Collateral Circulation Between Extracranial and Intracranial Arteries	287
15.7.3	The Vertebrobasilar Sector Deserves a Few More Considerations	288
16	Spontaneous Dissection of Carotid and Vertebral Arteries	289
16.1	Introduction	289
16.2	Pathology and Pathogenesis	289
16.3	Location	290
16.4	Morphological Diagnostic Appearance	290
16.5	Clinical Relevance	291
16.6	Treatment	294
16.7	Dissection and Dissecting Aneurysms in Children	296
17	Other Nonatherosclerotic Vasculopathies	305
17.1	Great Variety of Diseases	305
17.2	Cerebrovascular Fibromuscular Dysplasia	305
17.2.1	Pathology and Etiopathogenesis	306
17.2.2	Diagnosis	306
17.2.3	Clinical Relevance	309
17.3	Moyamoya Disease	309
17.3.1	Pathology and Etiopathogenesis	310
17.3.2	Diagnosis and Clinical Relevance	310
17.4	Takayasu's Arteritis	310
17.5	Sneddon's Syndrome	312
17.6	Reversible Cerebral Vasoconstriction Syndrome (RCVS)	314
17.7	Primary Angiitis of the CNS (PACNS)	314
17.8	Autosomal Dominant Arteriopathy with Subcortical Infarct and Leucoencephalopathy (CADASIL)	315
17.9	Migraine and Stroke	315

18	Cardiac Diseases	317
19	Arterial Occlusive Diseases in Children	321
20	Cerebral Venous Thrombosis	323
20.1	Etiopathogenesis	323
20.2	Location	323
20.3	Diagnosis	324
21	Association of Venous Sinus and IJV Stenosis and Some Clinical Pathological Condition	331
22	Considerations About Intracranial Hemorrhages	333
23	Vascular Pathology Involving the Intraorbital Vessels	335
References		339
Index		371