

CONTENTS

<i>List of Maps</i>	ix
<i>List of Illustrations</i>	x
<i>Acknowledgements</i>	xi
<i>Foreword by Wilfried Martens</i>	xiii
<i>Preface</i>	xvii
From Belgica to Belgium	1
Belgica	7
1. The Romans Conquer, Name and Colonise Belgica: 57BCE–406CE	11
2. The Franks Create a Linguistic Frontier, 406–861	17
3. Flanders and Lotharingia Develop Commerce, Cities and Civic Conflict, 861–1384	29
Burgundy	47
4. Burgundian Dukes Unite the Southern Low Countries, 1384–1477	51
5. Charles V Unites all the Low Countries, 1477–1555	63
6. The Beggars' Revolt against Spain Divides the Low Countries, 1555–1599	71
The Southern Low Countries	89
7. The Spanish Habsburgs Rule an Impoverished Land, 1599–1713	93
8. The Austrian Habsburgs React to the Enlightenment, 1713–1794	105
9. Two Revolts, French Occupation and Union with the Dutch, 1789–1830	113

CONTENTS

Belgium	127
10. A Francophone Elite Wins Belgium its Independence, 1830–1865	131
11. Labour and Flemish Movements Begin to Develop, 1865–1914	147
12. Two German Invasions and a Depression Speed Change, 1914–1945	161
Flanders and Wallonia	175
13. The Francophone, Propertied and Dominant Elite Erodes, 1945–1968	179
14. Belgium Federalises, 1968–1993	193
15. Increasingly Isolated Flanders and Wallonia Collide, 1993–	203
Retrospect and Prospects: Keeping a Divided Land United	221
Appendices	239
<i>Notes</i>	267
<i>Selected Sources</i>	275
<i>Index</i>	289