

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	I
INTRODUCTION	1
I. EARLIER STUDIES	5
1.1. Marchand (1966b)	5
1.1.1. Marchand's Approach	5
1.1.2. Counter-Examples	8
1.2. Bolinger (1967b)	11
1.2.1. Bolinger's Approach	11
1.2.2. Composite Agent Nouns	13
1.2.3. Predicative Position	16
1.2.4. ONE-Pronominalization	19
1.3. Coates (1968)	21
1.3.1. Coates' Approach	21
1.3.2. Comments	23
1.3.2.1. Counter-Examples	23
1.3.2.2. Restricted Collocability?	25
1.3.2.3. Metaphorical Use	28
1.4. The Creative Aspect	30
1.5. Lees (1970b)	32
1.6. Postal (1969)	34
II. LEVI (1975/1978)	37
2.1. 'Complex Nominals'	37
2.2. 'Recoverably Deletable Predicates'	38
2.3. Derivation by Predicate Deletion	41
2.4. Derivation by Predicate Nominalization	44
2.5. Comments	45
2.5.1. Underrating the Context	45
2.5.2. Lexicalization	48

III. PRELIMINARIES	52
3.1. The Adjectival Suffixes <u>-al</u> , <u>-ic</u>	52
3.1.1. Variant <u>-ar</u>	53
3.1.2. Variant <u>-ac</u>	56
3.1.3. <u>-al</u> / <u>-ic</u>	57
3.2. How to Distinguish 'nom nonpred adjs' ?	58
3.2.1. Levi	58
3.2.2. Grammars	60
3.2.3. Dictionaries	60
3.2.4. Observing Language Use	62
3.3. Grammaticality Judgements	63
IV. SURFACE CATEGORY LABEL <u>N</u>	66
4.1. Category Membership	66
4.2. 'Syntactic Evidence'	67
4.2.1. Determiner	67
4.2.2. Ordering Relationships	68
4.2.3. Prefixation	69
4.2.4. Agent Suffixes	72
4.2.5. 'Anaphoric Islands'	73
4.2.5.1. Constituent Structure	74
4.2.5.2. 'Puzzling Discrepancy' ?	75
4.3. Radford's Criteria	80
4.4. Productive Processes vs. Lexicalization	84
V. HEAD NOUN DELETION	88
5.1. Counter-Examples	88
5.1.1. The Data	88
5.1.2. 'Technical Texts'	88
5.2. 'Apparent' Counter-Examples	93
5.2.1. Rule Generalization	94
5.2.2. HEAD NOUN DELETION	94

5.3. The Article	95
5.4. Complicated Cases and Unlikely Candidates	97
5.4.1. Coordination	97
5.4.1.1. 'nom adj' and 'normal' adj ?	97
5.4.1.2. <u>both</u>	99
5.4.2. Indefinite Subjects / Proper Names	101
5.4.3. Generic Reference	103
5.4.4. Pronominal Subjects	104
5.4.5. 'Complex Nominals' as Head Nouns	106
5.4.6. Auxiliary Contraction	109
5.4.7. <u>tonal</u>	109
5.5. Nominalization	110
5.6. Relative Clauses	112
5.6.1. 'Useless Redundancy'	112
5.6.2. Direct Derivation	114
5.7. Concluding Remarks	117
VI. ADVERBIAL MODIFICATION	120
6.1. Non-Acceptance of Degree Adverbials	120
6.1.1. Terminological Considerations	121
6.1.2. <u>very</u>	123
6.2. Adverbs Inside NPs	125
6.2.1. General Considerations	125
6.2.2. Adverbial Modification and Predicability ?	127
6.2.2.1. Suggestions from the Literature	127
6.2.2.2. Leech (1974)	129
6.2.2.3. Empirical Support	130
6.3. Adverbs vs. 'Adverbial Adjectives'	132
6.4. Support for Separate Derivation	136
6.4.1. Focus of Information	136
6.4.2. Phrase Marker / Derivational Steps	138
6.4.3. 'Migration' of Adverbs ?	141
6.4.4. Derivational Ambiguity	142
6.4.5. Increased Acceptability	144

6.5. Semantic / Syntactic Considerations	145
6.5.1. Extra-Linguistic Reasons	145
6.5.2. Noun to Adjective	151
VII. FINAL CONSIDERATIONS	155
7.1. Predicative Use - a Recent Development ?	155
7.1.1. Bloomfield (1933)	155
7.1.2. Sweet (1877/1899)	156
7.1.3. <u>The Oxford English Dictionary</u>	158
7.2. Reasons FOR Predicative Use	160
7.2.1. Downing (1977)	161
7.2.2. The 'Puzzling Phenomenon'	162
7.2.3. Osgood (1971)	163
7.2.4. Focus	165
7.3 'Dynamic Synchrony'	168
7.3.1. Rule Extension	168
7.3.2. 'The Creative Linguistic Process'	170
7.3.3. 'Attributive Nouns'	174
VIII. SUMMARY / FURTHER QUESTIONS	184/
	188
BIBLIOGRAPHY	191
Bibliographical References: Examples	200
Appendix	202