

CONTENTS

Preface	vii
1. Structure of verb phrase	3
1.0 Overview	3
1.1 The ϕ complement	4
1.2 The position-adverbial complement	5
1.3 The direction-adverbial complement	9
1.4 The predicative complement	10
1.4.1 <i>Be</i>	10
1.4.2 Non-stative copulative verbs	12
1.4.3 Stative copulative verbs	14
1.4.4 Quasi-copulas	17
1.5 The NP complement	18
1.5.1 "Middle" verbs, etc.	18
1.5.2 Type: <i>She played the harpy</i>	19
1.5.3 Cognate objects	20
1.5.4 Type: <i>Let us feast it royally</i>	20
1.5.5 Causative verbs	21
1.5.6 Reflexive verbs	22
1.5.7 "Impersonal" verbs	28
1.6 The particle (NP) complement	42
1.7 The prep-phrase complement	45
1.8 The NP + prep-phrase complement	53
1.9 The NP + NP complement	61
1.10 The prep-phrase + prep-phrase complement	71
1.11 The NP + predicative complement	72
2. Tense	81
2.0 Overview	81
2.1 Simple present tense	82
2.1.1 Present state	83
2.1.2 Present activity	85
2.1.3 Equivalent of the progressive	88

2.1.4	General truths	89
2.1.5	Habitual activities	90
2.1.6	Characteristic	90
2.1.7	Equivalent of the perfect	91
2.1.8	Future reference	92
2.1.9	“Historical present”	95
2.2	Simple preterite tense	96
2.2.1	Past state	97
2.2.2	Past activity	97
2.2.3	Equivalent of the progressive	98
2.2.4	Habitual activities	99
2.2.5	Type: <i>We came from Turkey to confirm a league</i>	99
2.2.6	Preterite for the perfect	100
2.2.7	Preterite for “before-past” or “after-past”	100
2.3	Co-occurrence with adverbials	101
3.	Aspect: progressive	112
3.0	Overview	112
3.1	Present progressive	113
3.2	Preterite progressive	115
3.3	Perfect progressive	116
3.4	Other forms of the progressive	117
3.5	Summary	119
4.	Aspect: perfect	120
4.1	Auxiliaries	120
4.2	Perfect	129
4.3	Pluperfect	146
4.4	Summary	149
5.	Voice	150
5.0	Overview	150
5.1	“Actional passive”	152
5.2	“Statal passive”	160
5.3	The subject of the passive construction	173
5.4	The agent in the passive construction	182
5.5	The deletion of <i>be</i>	191

6. Mood	193
6.0 Overview	193
6.1 Indicative mood	193
6.2 Subjunctive mood	194
6.2.1 In independent clauses	194
6.2.2 In noun clauses	200
6.2.3 Type: <i>It is time that it be seen into</i>	209
6.2.4 Conditional clauses	210
6.2.5 Clauses of comparison	224
6.2.6 Temporal clauses	227
6.2.7 Final clauses	235
6.2.8 Concessive clauses	243
6.2.9 <i>As</i> -clauses	252
6.3 Imperative mood	252
6.3.0 Overview	252
6.3.1 Meanings of the imperative	254
6.3.2 Subject of imperatives	258
6.3.3 Vocative phrases	259
6.3.4 Imperatives of “stative” verbs	261
6.3.5 Types: <i>Be patient/ Be governor of Ireland</i>	263
6.3.6 Reflexive objects	264
6.3.7 Formulas	267
6.3.8 Type: <i>Away with him</i>	268
6.3.9 Type: <i>Pursue him quickly, and he cannot escape</i>	269
6.3.10 Type: <i>Do your worst, I live in spite of you</i>	269
6.3.11 Imperatives in subordinate clauses	270
6.3.12 Conversion	270
6.3.13 “ <i>Let</i> -imperatives”	270
7. Primary auxiliaries	280
7.0 Overview	280
7.1 <i>Have</i>	282
7.2 <i>Be</i>	282
7.3 <i>Do</i>	282
7.3.1 Negative declarative sentences	283
7.3.2 Affirmative questions	287
7.3.3 Inversion	294

7.3.4	Negative questions	25
7.3.5	Imperative sentences	29
7.3.6	Affirmative declarative sentences	30
7.3.7	The vicarious <i>do</i>	31
8.	The modal auxiliaries: present tense forms	31
8.0	Overview	31
8.1	<i>Can</i>	31
8.1.1	Ability	31
8.1.2	Theoretical possibility	31
8.1.3	Possible contingency	31
8.1.4	Collocation with a passive infinitive	31
8.1.5	Collocation with a perfect infinitive	31
8.1.6	Summary	31
8.2	<i>May</i>	31
8.2.1	Ability	31
8.2.2	Factual possibility	31
8.2.3	Permission	31
8.2.4	Eventuality	31
8.2.5	Collocation with a passive infinitive	31
8.2.6	Collocation with a perfect infinitive	31
8.2.7	Summary	31
8.2.8	As auxiliary of the subjunctive mood	31
8.3	<i>Must</i>	31
8.3.1	Necessity	31
8.3.2	Inevitability	31
8.3.3	Collocation with a passive infinitive	31
8.3.4	Collocation with a perfect infinitive	31
8.3.5	Deletion of the infinitive	31
8.3.6	Summary	31
8.4	<i>Will</i>	31
8.4.1	Volition	31
8.4.1.1	Positive declarative sentences	31
8.4.1.2	Questions	31
8.4.1.3	Rhetorical questions	31
8.4.1.4	<i>Will</i> in dependent clauses	31
8.4.1.5	Negative forms	31
8.4.2	Habitualness	31

8.4.2.1	Positive forms	380
8.4.2.2	Negative forms	380
8.4.3	Prediction	380
8.4.3.1	Positive declarative sentences	381
8.4.3.2	Positive interrogative sentences	384
8.4.3.3	Dependent clauses	386
8.4.3.4	Negative sentences	388
8.4.4	“Potentiality”	389
8.4.4.1	Positive declarative sentences	390
8.4.4.2	Dependent clauses	390
8.4.4.3	Negative sentences	390
8.4.5	Collocation with a passive infinitive	391
8.4.6	Collocation with a perfect infinitive	393
8.4.7	Summary	393
8.5	<i>Shall</i>	395
8.5.1	Obligation	395
8.5.1.1	Positive declarative sentences	395
8.5.1.2	Questions	402
8.5.1.3	Dependent clauses	406
8.5.1.4	Negative forms	407
8.5.2	Certainty of fulfilment	409
8.5.2.1	Positive declarative sentences	410
8.5.2.2	Questions	415
8.5.2.3	Dependent clauses	416
8.5.2.4	Negative forms	417
8.5.3	Collocation with a passive infinitive	419
8.5.4	Collocation with a perfect infinitive	424
8.5.5	As auxiliary of the subjunctive mood	425
8.5.5.1	Independent clauses	425
8.5.5.2	Conditional clauses	425
8.5.5.3	Temporal clauses	425
8.5.5.4	“General relative clauses”	426
8.5.5.5	<i>As</i> -clauses	427
8.5.5.6	Final clauses	427
8.5.5.7	<i>Than</i> -clauses	428
8.5.5.8	Clauses expressing purposed result	428
8.5.6	Summary	429
8.6	<i>Ought</i>	431
8.6.1	Positive sentences	431

- 8.6.2 Negative sentences
 - 8.6.3 Collocation with a perfect infinitive
 - 8.6.4 Summary
 - 8.7 *Need*
 - 8.7.1 Negation
 - 8.7.2 Inversion
 - 8.7.3 Full verb
 - 8.7.4 Summary
 - 8.8 *Dare*
 - 8.8.1 Negation
 - 8.8.2 Inversion
 - 8.8.3 Echo-substitute
 - 8.8.4 Full verb
 - 8.8.5 Summary
9. The modal auxiliaries: preterite tense forms
- 9.0 Overview
 - 9.1 *Could*
 - 9.1.1 Indicative preterite
 - 9.1.2 Back-shifted present
 - 9.1.3 Subjunctive preterite
 - 9.1.4 Collocation with a passive infinitive
 - 9.1.5 Collocation with a perfect infinitive
 - 9.1.6 Summary
 - 9.2 *Might*
 - 9.2.1 Indicative preterite
 - 9.2.2 Back-shifted present
 - 9.2.3 Subjunctive preterite
 - 9.2.4 Collocation with a passive infinitive
 - 9.2.5 Collocation with a perfect infinitive
 - 9.2.6 As auxiliary of the subjunctive mood
 - 9.2.7 Summary
 - 9.3 *Must*
 - 9.3.1 Indicative preterite
 - 9.3.2 Back-shifted present
 - 9.3.3 Subjunctive preterite
 - 9.3.4 Summary
 - 9.4 *Would*

9.4.1	Indicative preterite	455
9.4.1.1	Volition	455
9.4.1.2	Habitualness	456
9.4.2	Back-shifted present	457
9.4.3	Subjunctive preterite	458
9.4.3.1	Volition	458
9.4.3.2	“Tentative” sense	462
9.4.3.3	Prediction	463
9.4.3.4	“Potentiality”	467
9.4.4	Collocation with a progressive infinitive	467
9.4.5	Collocation with a passive infinitive	467
9.4.6	Collocation with a perfect infinitive	468
9.4.7	Summary	470
9.5	<i>Should</i>	471
9.5.1	Back-shifted present	471
9.5.2	Subjunctive preterite	472
9.5.2.1	Obligation	472
9.5.2.2	Hypothetical obligation	473
9.5.2.3	Type: <i>This should be Carthage walls</i>	475
9.5.2.4	Certainty of fulfilment	476
9.5.3	Collocation with a passive infinitive	477
9.5.4	Collocation with a perfect infinitive	479
9.5.5	Collocation with a perfect passive infinitive	480
9.5.6	As auxiliary of the subjunctive mood	480
9.5.6.1	Conditional clauses	480
9.5.6.2	Concessive clauses	482
9.5.6.3	<i>Than</i> -clauses	482
9.5.6.4	Relative clauses	483
9.5.6.5	“Putative” <i>should</i>	483
9.5.7	Summary	489
9.6	<i>Need</i>	490
9.7	<i>Durst</i>	490
9.8	Meaning frequencies of the modals in Marlowe	491
10.	The infinitive	492
10.0	Overview	492
10.1	As subject	493
10.1.1	Type: <i>To undo a Jew is a charity</i>	494

10.1.2	Type: <i>It's no sin to deceive a Christian</i>	495
10.1.3	Appositive character of the infinitive	497
10.1.4	Type: <i>It boots me not (to) threat</i>	497
10.1.5	Type: <i>Better die than live</i>	499
10.1.6	Type: <i>It is hard for us to work his overthrow</i>	500
10.1.7	Type: <i>It is not for you to come</i>	501
10.1.8	Type: <i>He seemed to love you much</i>	502
10.2	As predicative	502
10.2.1	Type: <i>My purpose is to spend it so</i>	503
10.2.2	The <i>be to</i> construction	503
10.3	As object	506
10.3.1	Object of a verb or verbal group	506
10.3.1.1	Type: <i>You had best go</i>	506
10.3.1.2	Type: <i>I love to dance</i>	507
10.3.1.3	<i>Have + to-infinitive</i>	511
10.3.1.4	Type: <i>You will take upon you to be his</i>	511
10.3.1.5	<i>Begin</i>	512
10.3.1.6	<i>Gin</i>	513
10.3.2	Extraposition	514
10.3.2.1	Type: <i>We think it good to go</i>	514
10.3.2.2	Type: <i>I think scorn to be accused</i>	514
10.3.3	Object of a preposition	515
10.3.3.1	<i>About</i>	515
10.3.3.2	<i>But</i>	515
10.3.3.3	<i>For to</i>	516
10.4	"Accusative with infinitive" construction	516
10.4.1	Type 1: <i>I saw the stars drop blood</i>	517
10.4.2	Type 2: <i>I knew the Organon to be confused</i>	519
10.4.3	Type 3: <i>He commanded me to be silent</i>	521
10.4.4	Type 4: <i>I forced him to go</i>	525
10.4.5	Type 5: <i>He caused me to go</i>	531
10.4.6	Other types	534
10.5	"Nominative with infinitive" construction	536
10.5.1	Type 1: <i>He was seen to walk</i>	536
10.5.2	Type 2: <i>He is known to exceed his master</i>	536
10.5.3	Type 3: <i>Men are ordained to live in misery</i>	536
10.5.4	Type 4: <i>I was forced to leave my Gaveston</i>	537
10.5.5	Other types	537
10.6	<i>Wh</i> -word + infinitive with <i>to</i>	538

10.6.1	Type: <i>how, what, etc. to do</i>	538
10.6.2	Type: <i>fans wherewith to cool thy face</i>	540
10.7	As postnominal modifier	540
10.7.1	Type 1: <i>the time to come</i>	540
10.7.2	Type 2: <i>a brooch to put in my hat/ a fire to warm us with</i>	541
10.7.3	Type 3: <i>water to cool my thirst</i>	542
10.7.4	Type 4: <i>counsel to live chaste</i>	545
10.8	As postadjectival modifier	547
10.8.1	Type 1: <i>This is dangerous to be done</i>	547
10.8.2	Type 2: <i>I am bold to solicit thee</i>	548
10.8.3	Type 3: <i>He is like to prove a second Mars</i>	548
10.8.4	Type 4: <i>He was content to die</i>	549
10.8.5	Type 5: <i>I am disposed to be alone</i>	550
10.9	As adverbial modifier	552
10.9.1	Infinitive of direction	552
10.9.2	Infinitive of purpose	553
10.9.3	Infinitive of result	564
10.9.4	Infinitive of condition or concession	566
10.9.5	Infinitive of cause	566
10.9.6	Infinitive expressing the ground	568
10.9.7	Infinitive for a gerund	570
10.10	As correlated modifier	570
10.10.1	<i>So, such, this, and that</i>	571
10.10.2	<i>Enough and too</i>	572
10.11	Independent infinitive	575
10.11.1	Isolated infinitive	575
10.11.2	Absolute infinitive	576
10.11.3	Exclamatory infinitive	577
10.12	Co-ordination of infinitives	579
10.12.1	<i>And</i> + infinitive	579
10.12.2	<i>Or</i> + infinitive	581
10.12.3	<i>Nor</i> + infinitive	582
10.12.4	<i>Than</i> + infinitive	582
10.12.5	<i>Sooner . . . than</i> + infinitive	583
10.12.6	<i>Rather ϕ than</i> + infinitive	583
10.12.7	<i>Rather than</i> + infinitive	583
10.12.8	Asyndetic co-ordination	584
10.13	Tense and aspect of the infinitive	584

10.13.1 Present infinitive	585
10.13.2 Perfect infinitive	586
10.14 Summary	588
11. The present participle	591
11.0 Overview	591
11.1 As premodifier	592
11.1.1 Type: <i>his aspiring thoughts</i>	595
11.1.2 Type: <i>pine-bearing mountain</i>	598
11.1.3 Type: <i>her largely spreading hair</i>	600
11.1.4 Type: <i>proud-daring Calymath</i>	600
11.1.5 Type: <i>sweet-smelling violets</i>	601
11.2 As postmodifier	601
11.2.1 Type: <i>things succeeding</i>	601
11.2.2 Type: <i>the sea playing on the yellow sand</i>	601
11.2.3 Type: <i>fair Victory, hovering betwixt our armies</i>	602
11.3 As subject predicative	603
11.3.1 Type: <i>The conjurer comes walking</i>	604
11.3.2 After other intransitive verbs	606
11.3.3 "Nominative with participle"	606
11.3.4 Type: <i>She sits wringing of her hands</i>	606
11.4 As object predicative	607
11.4.1 Type: <i>I feel death coming</i>	607
11.4.2 Type: <i>I left the Governor placing nuns</i>	608
11.4.3 After other transitive verbs	608
11.5 "Related" participle	608
11.5.0 Overview	608
11.5.1 Attendant circumstances	610
11.5.2 Cause, reason	611
11.5.3 Time	613
11.5.4 Temporal-causal	613
11.5.5 Means, manner	614
11.5.6 Concession, contrast	615
11.5.7 Condition	615
11.5.8 Ground for judgement	615
11.5.9 Table to §§ 11.5.1–8	616
11.5.10 Reduced subordinate clause	616
11.5.11 Equivalent of a co-ordinate clause	616

11.6	“Unrelated” participle	617
11.7	Absolute participle	619
11.7.1	Type: <i>I swam, she standing on the shore</i>	619
11.7.2	Type: <i>being in the dead time of winter</i>	621
11.7.3	Type: <i>with folly and false hope deluding us</i>	622
11.7.4	Type: <i>and he spurning their crowns from off their heads</i>	622
11.8	Voice of the present participle	622
11.8.1	Active participle	623
11.8.2	Passive participle	623
11.9	Tense and aspect of the present participle	626
11.9.1	Present participle	627
11.9.2	Perfect participle	627
11.10	Conversion	630
11.10.1	Type: <i>the living</i> (= living people)	630
11.10.2	Type: <i>a castle passing strong</i>	630
11.10.3	Type: <i>Saving your reverence, you must pardon me</i>	630
11.10.4	Type: <i>I cannot choose, seeing my father bids</i>	631
12.	The past participle	633
12.0	Overview	633
12.1	As premodifier	633
12.1.1	Type: <i>accursed Faustus</i>	634
12.1.2	Type: <i>deceased princes</i>	636
12.1.3	Type: <i>new found death</i>	637
12.1.4	Type: <i>a stately builded ship</i>	638
12.1.5	Type: <i>such unlooked-for grace</i>	638
12.1.6	Type: <i>dog-kept flocks</i>	639
12.2	As postmodifier	640
12.2.1	Type: <i>things found</i>	640
12.2.2	Type: <i>crowns won by our swords</i>	641
12.2.3	Non-restrictive past participle	646
12.3	As subject predicative	646
12.3.1	Type: <i>Cursed be he that first invented war</i>	646
12.3.2	Type: <i>Hosts of soldiers stood amazed at us</i>	647
12.3.3	Other examples of quasi-predicatives	648
12.3.4	Type: <i>Here is a friar sent from the president</i>	649
12.4	As object predicative	650

12.4.1	Type: <i>I would see thee hanged</i>	650
12.4.2	Type: <i>I find myself aggrieved</i>	651
12.4.3	Type: <i>Get thee gone</i>	652
12.4.4	Type: <i>I can make thee drunk</i>	652
12.4.5	Type: <i>He had a thousand horsemen taken away</i>	653
12.4.6	Type: <i>I have one left</i>	654
12.4.7	Type: <i>to have this skirmish fought</i>	654
12.4.8	Position of the subject of <i>en</i> -forms	654
12.4.9	Type: <i>Let him go forth known/ I brought him bound</i>	655
12.5	“Related” participle	655
12.5.1	Attendant circumstances	656
12.5.2	Cause, reason	657
12.5.3	Time	658
12.5.4	Concession, contrast	659
12.5.5	Condition	659
12.5.6	Table to §§ 12.5.1–5	660
12.5.7	Reduced subordinate clauses	660
12.5.8	Equivalent of co-ordinate clauses	661
12.6	“Unrelated” participle	661
12.7	Absolute participle	662
12.7.1	Type: <i>They shall follow thee, their hands tied at their back</i>	662
12.7.2	Type: <i>with banner spread</i>	664
12.7.3	Type: <i>Shall I die, and this unconquered?</i>	665
12.8	Other employments	666
12.8.1	Exclamatory participle	666
12.8.2	Conversion	666
13.	The gerund	668
13.0	Overview	668
13.1	Nominal gerunds	669
13.2	Verbal gerunds	673
13.3	Mixed gerunds	677
13.4	Function of gerunds	678
13.5	Subject of the gerund	684
13.6	Object of the gerund	686
13.7	Summary	689

CONTENTS

xxv

Bibliography	693
Contributions to <i>The Oxford English Dictionary</i>	704
Constructions and usage not found in Shakespeare	704
Index	705