

C O N T E N T S

	Page
Nouns	1—9
Number	1—8
Nouns used in the plural form only. Nouns with one stem only. Nouns with a difference of meaning according to number-form.	
Case	8—9
Genitive in traditional groups.	
Articles	10—22
The Definite Article	10—11
Demonstrative meaning. Traditional uses.	
The Indefinite Article	12—17
Meaning <i>one</i> . Before numerals. Meaning <i>some</i> , or <i>a certain</i> . No article in Dutch.	
Definite and indefinite Article	17—18
Absence of Articles	18—20
Use and Absence of the Articles	21—22
Adjectives	23—28
Attributive Use. Predicative Use. Adjectives used attributively only. Adjectives used predicatively only. Different meanings.	
Numerals	29—37
Definite Numerals	29—35
Cardinals. Ordinals. Fractional numbers.	
Indefinite Numerals	35—37

	Page
Verbs	38— 55
Forms	38— 51
Verbal Ing.	51— 53
Participles	53— 55
Adverbs	56—109
Adverbs of Place	56— 58
Adverbs of Time	58— 61
Adverbs of Degree	61— 64
Adverbs of Manner	65— 69
Adverbs of Modality	69— 76
<i>Not. No. None.</i> No Equivalent in Dutch.	
Predicative Use	76— 78
Some Dutch Adverbs	78— 94
<i>Al (reeds), anders, bijna, eens, eerst, hoe, juist, nog, ook, terug.</i> Dutch <i>zo</i> and English <i>so</i> compared.	
Adverbs as Sentence-elements in Dutch and in English	94—100
Particles	100—109
<i>Wel, waarlik, heus</i> to affirm a statement. To emphasize a statement. <i>Wel</i> in a concessive function. <i>O, o zo, o ja. Dan</i> in interrogative sentences. <i>Ook weer. Toch. Er</i> as an introductory word.	
Prepositions	110—144
English Prepositions	112—133
<i>Of.</i> Appositions without <i>of.</i> <i>After, against, at, by, for, in, into, off, on (upon), onto, on to, over, to, with.</i> Local and Instrumental Relations in Preposition Groups.	
Dutch Prepositions	133—144
<i>Behalve, beneden, boven, door, gedurende, met,</i>	

CONTENTS

IX

	Page
<i>onder, sedert, (sinds), tegen, tot, van, voor, zonder.</i>	
The Expression of position and direction in Preposition Groups.	
Conjunctions	145—172
English Conjunctions	145—161
Coordinating: <i>and, but, for, or, nor.</i> Corre- latives. Adverbs.	
Subordinating: <i>that, as, but, that, if,</i> etc.	
Conjunctions in adjuncts.	
Dutch Conjunctions	161—165
<i>Als, hoe, of.</i>	
Constructions with a Non-finite Verb.	165—172
Verb Stem. Verbal Ing. Participle. <i>Terwijl,</i> <i>Zonder dat. Doordat.</i>	
Composition	173—175
Derivation	176—185
Verbs. Nouns. Adjectives. Ordinals. Adverbs	
Derivation in Dutch and English Com- pared	184—185
Comparison	186—200
Isolated Forms of Comparison	186—192
Living Forms of Comparison	192—198
Group-Comparison	198—200
With <i>more</i> and <i>most.</i> With <i>less</i> and <i>least.</i>	
With <i>as</i> and <i>so.</i>	
Conversion	201—206
Adjectives as Nouns	201—204
<i>Conversion of Adjectives in Dutch and English</i> <i>Compared</i>	204—205
Nouns as Verbs	206
Adjectives as Adverbs	206

	Page
Syntactic Word-Groups	207—240
Noun Groups	207—212
Character of the Noun Groups. Geographical Names. Material Nouns and the corresponding Adjectives in — <i>en</i> . Nouns denoting Sex.	
Verb Groups	212—240
Transitive Verbs: formal <i>it</i> . Personal Objects. Verbs with little independent meaning. Two Objects. Object and Preposition Group. Genitive Group and Object. Object and Predicative Adjunct.	
Intransitive Verbs. Transitive and Intransitive. Intransitive and Passive.	
Reflexive Verbs. Reflexive and Intransitive. Intransitive and Reciprocal.	
Sentence-Structure	241—245
Formal Subject <i>it</i> . Personal and Impersonal Subject. Repetition of the Predicate.	
Index	246—248