

Table of Contents

Preface	.....	5
Table of Contents	.....	7
1 Introduction	.....	13
1.1 Love at second sight: why most people dislike and some people love dictionaries.....	13	
1.2 Lexicography and linguistics	14	
1.3 Practical lexicography and metalexicography.....	16	
1.4 The aims of this book.....	18	
1.5 A note on the citations from dictionaries	18	
2 The Theory of Lexicographic Scope	21	
2.1 Dictionaries: a first look.....	21	
2.1.1 Why we need dictionaries	21	
2.1.2 Mono- and bilingual dictionaries	23	
2.1.3 Dictionaries and encyclopedias	24	
2.1.4 Dictionaries and grammars.....	25	
2.1.5 Lexicography as an art	26	
2.2 Dictionary types and lexico-parameters	26	
2.2.1 Lexico-parameters of content.....	27	
2.2.1.1 Lemma selection	27	
2.2.1.2 Information types	29	
2.2.1.3 Accuracy and completeness	31	
2.2.2 Lexico-parameters of form.....	32	
2.2.2.1 User-friendliness	32	
2.2.2.2 Cost	33	
2.3 The theory of scope in lexicography	34	
3 Dictionary Structures	37	
3.1 Dictionaries and the competent user	37	
3.2 The component parts of a dictionary – a survey.....	38	
3.3 The word list	40	
3.3.1 Lemmatisation.....	40	

Table of Contents

3.3.1.1 Lexemes, words forms, citation forms	40
3.3.1.2 Super-lexemic items.....	41
3.3.1.3 Word Forms	42
3.3.1.4 Semantic aspects of lemmatisation: homonymy and polysemy.....	42
3.3.1.5 Affixes	44
3.3.2 Types of lemmatic ordering	44
3.3.2.1 Alphabetical and thematic ordering	44
3.3.2.2 Variants of alphabetical ordering	45
3.3.2.3 The placement of multi-word lemmata	48
3.4 The dictionary entry	48
3.4.1 Theme and rheme	48
3.4.2 Lemmata, sublemmata and non-lemmatic addresses.....	49
3.4.3 Thematic progression in the dictionary entry	51
3.4.4 Structural divisors, lemmatisation and entry structures.....	54
3.4.5 Convention and variation in entry structures.....	56
3.4.6 Multi-lemmatic dictionary entries	59
3.4.7 Representation forms: layout and typographic conventions in the entry	61
3.5 Representation forms beyond the entry	62
3.5.1 Pictorial illustrations	63
3.5.2 Charts	66
3.5.3 Usage Notes	67
4 Information Types in Monolingual Dictionaries	71
4.1 Information on meaning: describing senses	71
4.1.1 Linguistic considerations: distinguishing between different senses of a word.....	71
4.1.2 Lexicographic aspects: how can meaning be shown in monolingual dictionaries?	72
4.1.3 What do dictionary definitions do?	75
4.1.4 The vocabulary of definitions.....	77
4.1.4.1 The policy of using a flexibly applied controlled defining vocabulary	77
4.1.4.2 Defining vocabulary and the lexicoparameter of accuracy	78
4.1.4.3 The design of a controlled defining vocabulary	80
4.1.5 Syntax of definitions	81
4.1.5.1 Complexity of definitions	81
4.1.5.2 Full sentence definitions	82
4.2 Further aspects of meaning and use	83
4.2.1 Types of associative meaning.....	83

4.2.2	Forms of lexicographical representation	85
4.2.3	Lexicographical practice	86
4.3	Dialectal varieties of English	87
4.3.1	Standard and non-standard varieties.....	87
4.3.2	Information on dialectal variation to be given in dictionaries 88	
4.3.2.1	Differences in linguistic form	89
4.3.2.2	Differences in meaning	90
4.4	Relations with other lexemes and other lexical units	92
4.5	Pronunciation	93
4.5.1	The status of information on pronunciation in English dictionaries	93
4.5.2	Representing pronunciation in dictionaries: transcription systems	94
4.5.3	Phonemes or phones?	95
4.6	Spelling	96
4.7	Grammatical information.....	98
4.7.1	Item-related grammatical features	98
4.7.2	Word class	99
4.7.3	Restricting the scope of a word class label – specifying particular grammatical features	101
4.7.4	Word forms	102
4.7.5	Information on valency	103
4.7.5.1	Valency and valency patterns.....	103
4.7.5.2	Lexicographic forms of representation	105
4.8	Multi-word units	110
4.8.1	Two views of collocation	110
4.8.2	The representation of collocational information in dictionaries	111
4.8.3	The idiom principle and its consequences for lexicography.	115
4.9	Frequency.....	120
4.10	Anticipating errors	122
4.11	Etymology.....	123
4.12	Examples.....	124
4.12.1	Importance and function of examples	124
4.12.2	Formal aspects.....	125
4.12.3	Types of examples: invented and authentic	126
4.12.4	Choosing examples	128

Table of Contents

5 Information Types in Bilingual Dictionaries	131
5.1 Mono- and bilingual dictionaries	131
5.1.1 Expectations by users and language professionals	131
5.1.2 Direction of use: bi- and monofunctional dictionaries	132
5.1.3 Information types in mono- and bilingual dictionaries.....	134
5.2 Equivalence in bilingual dictionaries	135
5.2.1 Lexicographic equivalence as an information type	135
5.2.2 Equivalence in lexicography and translation theory.....	138
5.2.3 Interlingual equivalence and structural semantics	140
5.2.3.1 The arbitrariness of meaning.....	140
5.2.3.2 The complexity of equivalence relations.....	143
5.2.4 Lexicographic equivalence.....	146
5.2.5 Forms of representation of equivalence in bilingual dictionaries	147
5.2.5.1 Equivalent discrimination and lemma identification.	147
5.2.5.2 Labels.....	150
5.3 The indication of meaning in bilingual dictionaries	152
5.3.1 Culture specific words.....	152
5.3.2 Forms of semantic representation in bilingual dictionaries ..	153
5.4 Pronunciation, spelling and grammar.....	154
5.4.1 Direction of use and functionality	154
5.4.2 Pronunciation	157
5.4.3 Orthography	158
5.4.4 Grammar	160
5.4.4.1 Purposes of grammatical information in the bilingual dictionary.....	160
5.4.4.2 Grammatical models	161
5.4.4.3 The representation of grammatical information ..	163
5.5 Beyond the word: phraseological information in bilingual dictionaries.....	166
5.5.1 Lexemic and non-lexemic multi-word units.....	166
5.5.2 Equivalence relations of idioms	166
5.5.3 Collocation	167
5.5.3.1 The inherently contrastive character of collocation ..	167
5.5.3.2 The representation of collocations in the bilingual dictionary.....	169
5.5.3.3 The place of collocations in the bilingual dictionary	170
5.5.4 Translated sentences and phrases	171
5.5.4.1 Examples.....	171
5.5.4.2 Probabemes and the idiom-principle	172
5.5.5 Multi-word units and the lexico-parameter of accuracy.....	174

5.5.6	Multi-word-units and the lexico-parameter of completeness	175
5.5.7	The representation of multi-word units	176
5.6	The status of bilingual dictionaries	177
6	Electronic Dictionaries	181
6.1	Electronic dictionaries or dictionaries in the electronic medium?....	181
6.2	Content.....	183
6.3	Format	184
6.3.1	Text	184
6.3.2	Audio.....	185
6.3.3	Video.....	186
6.4	Medium.....	188
6.4.1	Hyperlinking	188
6.4.2	A flexible, usage-driven microstructure	189
6.4.3	Search routines in e-dictionaries	191
6.4.3.1	Lemma searches and phrasal searches	191
6.4.3.2	Advanced searches	193
6.5	The end of the printed dictionary?	195
7	The Data of Lexicography	197
7.1	The dictionary base	197
7.2	Langue data: introspection and elicitation.....	198
7.3	Parole data: citations	200
7.4	Parole data: corpora	202
7.4.1	The corpus revolution: advantages and limitations of corpora	202
7.4.2	The development of corpora in lexicography	204
7.4.3	The use of corpora in lexicography	206
7.5	Secondary sources.....	211
8	A Survey of English Dictionaries	213
8.1	The evolution of English dictionaries: a historical sketch.....	213
8.2	English dictionaries today: general and specialized.....	215
8.3	Historical dictionaries	217
8.3.1	Diachronic dictionaries	218
8.3.2	Period dictionaries.....	220

Table of Contents

8.4	Idiom and phrasal verb dictionaries	221
8.5	Syntagmatic dictionaries	225
8.5.1	Collocation dictionaries.....	225
8.5.2	Valency dictionaries.....	228
8.6	Paradigmatic dictionaries	231
8.6.1	Synonym dictionaries and thesauri.....	231
8.6.2	Pictorial dictionaries.....	235
8.7	Pronunciation dictionaries.....	237
8.8	Learner's dictionaries.....	241
8.8.1	Characteristics of the monolingual learner's dictionary	242
8.8.2	The evolution of the English learner's dictionary	243
8.8.3	Encyclopedic learner's dictionaries.....	245
8.8.4	English lexicography and the learner's dictionary	246
References	.....	249
R.1	Dictionaries	249
R.2	Further references	258
List of Reproductions	.....	279
Terminological Index	.....	283