CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION				
	1.1.	The aim of the study	1		
	1.2.	Previous discussion of additive adverbials			
		1.2.1. Jacobson 1964	3		
		1.2.2. Quirk and Greenbaum 1973	4		
		1.2.3. Additive adverbials in other works	6		
	1.3.	The material and methods used			
		1.3.1. The excerption procedure	7		
		1.3.2. The corpora used	8		
2.	PRESI	PRESENTATION OF DATA			
	2.1.	The frequency of <u>also</u>			
		2.1.1. Different meanings of <u>also</u>	13		
		2.1.2. The frequency of $\frac{\text{also}}{1}$ in BUC and LOB	16		
	2.2.	The frequency of too			
		2.2.1. Different meanings of too	19		
		2.2.2. The frequency of too_1 in BUC and LOB	21		
		2.2.3. The frequency of <u>also</u> and <u>too</u> in the			
		individual texts	22		
		2.2.4. The frequency of <u>also</u> and <u>too</u> in the London-			
		Lund Corpus (LLC)	25		
	2.3.	The positions of <u>also</u>			
		2.3.1. Descriptions of the focused constituent	27		
		2.3.2. Which is the focused constituent?	28		
		2.3.3. Description of the positions of \underline{also}	28		
		2.3.4. Also focusing the subject or part of it			
		2.3.4.1. Pre-adjacent position	29		
		2.3.4.2. Post-adjacent position	30		
		2.3.4.3. Anticipation	30		
		2.3.4.4. Postponement	31		
		2.3.5. Also focusing the whole predicate or part of it			
		2.3.5.1. Pre-adjacent position	31		
		2.3.5.2. Post-adjacent position	32		
		2.3.5.3. Anticipation	32		
		2.3.5.4. Postponement	33		

	2.3.6.	Also focusing other constituents than the	
		subject and the predicate	
		2.3.6.1. Pre-adjacent position	33
		2.3.6.2. Post-adjacent position	3 <i>L</i>
		2.3.6.3. Anticipation	34
		2.3.6.4. Postponement	35
	2.3.7.	Survey of distribution	35
2.4.	The pos	sitions of <u>too</u>	
	2.4.1.	Description of the positions of too	37
	2.4.2.	Too focusing the subject or part of it	
		2.4.2.1. Pre-adjacent position	37
		2.4.2.2. Post-adjacent position	37
		2.4.2.3. Anticipation	38
		2.4.2.4. Postponement	38
	2.4.3.	Too focusing the whole predicate or part of it	
		2.4.3.1. Pre-adjacent position	38
		2.4.3.2. Post-adjacent position	39
		2.4.3.3. Anticipation	39
		2.4.3.4. Postponement	39
	2.4.4.	Too focusing other constituents than the subject	
		and the predicate	
		2.4.4.1. Pre-adjacent position	4(
		2.4.4.2. Post-adjacent position	4(
		2.4.4.3. Anticipation	4(
		2.4.4.4. Postponement	4 1
	2.4.5.	Survey of distribution	41
2.5.	Other a	additive adverbials in BUC and LOB	
	2.5.1.	As well /as/	41
	2.5.2.	In addition /to/	46
	2.5.3.	Again	46
	2.5.4.	Likewise	47
	2.5.5.	Equally and similarly	48
	2.5.6.	Moreover and <u>furthermore</u>	50
	2.5.7.	<u>So</u>	50
ANAL	YSIS OF	DATA	
3.1.	Introd	uction	51
3.2.	Analys	is of functional variation	
	3.2.1.	Comparison of corpora	52

3.

		3.2.2. Functional variation of also	53		
		3.2.3. Functional variation of too	54		
	3.3.	Analysis of lexical variation	55		
	3.4.	Analysis of syntactic variation	58		
	3.5.	Synthesis	61		
4.	FACT	ORS INFLUENCING THE USE OF ALSO AND TOO			
	4.1.	Introduction	63		
	4.2.	Syntactic factors	63		
		4.2.1. Length of focused constituent	65		
		4.2.2. Structure of focused constituent	75		
		4.2.3. Factors influencing lexical variation	79		
	4.3.	Textual factors			
		4.3.1. Textuality	80		
		4.3.2. Cohesion and coherence	81		
		4.3.3. Informativity	83		
		4.3.3.1. Focus and background	84		
		4.3.3.2. Marked focus	85		
		4.3.3.3. Role quantification	86		
		4.3.4. Functional sentence perspective	87		
		4.3.4.1. Passivization	88		
		4.3.4.2. Extraposition	91		
		4.3.4.3. <u>There</u> -insertion	91		
5.	ALS0	AND TOO: MARKERS OF FEMALE LANGUAGE?			
	5.1.	Introduction	95		
	5.2.	Previous discussion of language and sex	95		
	5.3.	Methodology	99		
	5.4.	Frequency analysis			
		5.4.1. Frequency of occurrence of also and too	100		
		5.4.2. The proportion of <u>also</u> and too in dialogue	107		
	5.5.	Variation analysis			
		5.5.1. Functional variation	107		
		5.5.2. Lexical variation	109		
		5.5.3. Syntactic variation	113		
	5.6.	Summary	113		
6.	SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION				
	6.1.	Presentation and analysis of data	115		

6.2. Possible explanations of the functional, lexical and	
syntactic variation of also and too	117
6.3. Practical implications of the analysis	118
6.4. Additive adverbials in male and female language	119
6.5. Conclusion	120
NOTES	123
BIBLIOGRAPHY	145
APPENDICES 1 - 18	151