

Contents

Preface	xi
1 Ontology and History of Real Analysis	1
1.1 Deep Background in Real Analytic Functions	1
1.2 The Idea of Fourier Expansions	3
1.3 Differences between the Real Analytic Theory and the Fourier Theory	5
1.4 Modern Developments	6
1.5 Wavelets and Beyond	6
1.6 History and Genesis of Fourier Series	7
1.6.1 Derivation of the Heat Equation	10
2 The Central Idea: The Hilbert Transform	15
2.1 The Notion of the Hilbert Transform	16
2.2 The Guts of the Hilbert Transform	17
2.3 The Laplace Equation and Singular Integrals	19
2.4 Boundedness of the Hilbert Transform	21
2.5 L^p Boundedness of the Hilbert Transform	28
2.6 The Modified Hilbert Transform	29
3 Essentials of the Fourier Transform	35
3.1 Quadratic Integrals and Plancherel	35
3.2 Sobolev Space Basics	37
3.3 Key Concepts of Fractional Integrals	41
3.4 The Sense of Singular Integrals	43
3.5 Ideas Leading to Pseudodifferential Operators	45
4 Fractional and Singular Integrals	49
4.1 Fractional and Singular Integrals Together	49
4.2 Fractional Integrals	51
4.3 Lead-In to Singular Integral Theory	53

5	Several Complex Variables	61
5.1	What Is a Holomorphic Function?	62
5.2	Plurisubharmonic Functions	64
5.3	Basic Concepts of Convexity	68
5.3.1	The Analytic Definition of Convexity	70
5.3.2	Convexity with Respect to a Family of Functions	74
5.3.3	A Complex Analogue of Convexity	75
5.3.4	Further Remarks about Pseudoconvexity	80
6	Pseudoconvexity and Domains of Holomorphy	83
6.1	Comparing Convexity and Pseudoconvexity	83
6.1.1	Holomorphic Support Functions	87
6.1.2	Peaking Functions	91
6.2	Pseudoconvexity and Analytic Disks	92
6.3	Domains of Holomorphy	102
6.3.1	Consequences of Theorems 6.2.5 and 6.3.6	106
6.3.2	Consequences of the Levi Problem	107
7	Canonical Complex Integral Operators	111
7.1	Elementary Concepts of the Bergman Kernel	112
7.1.1	Smoothness to the Boundary of K_{Ω}	121
7.1.2	Calculating the Bergman Kernel	122
7.2	The Szegő Kernel	127
8	Hardy Spaces Old and New	133
8.1	Hardy Spaces on the Unit Disk	134
8.2	Key Properties of the Poisson Kernel	142
8.3	The Centrality of Subharmonicity	145
8.4	More about Pointwise Convergence	152
8.5	A Preliminary Result in Complex Domains	155
8.6	First Concepts of Admissible Convergence	156
8.7	Real-Variable Methods	167
8.8	Real-Variable Hardy Spaces	168
8.9	Maximal Functions and Hardy Spaces	171
8.10	The Atomic Theory of Hardy Spaces	172
8.11	The Role of BMO	174
9	Introduction to the Heisenberg Group	179
9.1	The Classical Upper Half-Plane	179
9.2	Background in Quantum Mechanics	181
9.3	The Role of the Heisenberg Group	182
9.4	The Heisenberg Group and Its Action on \mathcal{U}	184
9.5	The Geometry of $\partial\mathcal{U}$	187
9.6	The Lie Group Structure of \mathbb{H}^n	188

9.6.1	Distinguished 1-Parameter Subgroups of the Heisenberg Group	188
9.6.2	Commutators of Vector Fields	189
9.6.3	Commutators in the Heisenberg Group	191
9.6.4	Additional Information about the Heisenberg Group Action	191
9.7	A Fresh Look at Classical Analysis	192
9.7.1	Spaces of Homogeneous Type	192
9.7.2	The Folland–Stein Theorem	194
9.7.3	Classical Calderón–Zygmund Theory	198
9.8	Analysis on \mathbb{H}^n	209
9.8.1	The Norm on \mathbb{H}^n	210
9.8.2	Polar Coordinates	211
9.8.3	Some Remarks about Hausdorff Measure	212
9.8.4	Integration in \mathbb{H}^n	213
9.8.5	Distance in \mathbb{H}^n	214
9.8.6	\mathbb{H}^n Is a Space of Homogeneous Type	214
9.8.7	Homogeneous Functions	215
9.9	Boundedness of Singular Integrals on L^2	217
9.9.1	Cotlar–Knapp–Stein Lemma	218
9.9.2	The Folland–Stein Theorem	220
9.10	Boundedness of Singular Integrals on L^p	228
9.11	Remarks on H^1 and BMO	228
10	Analysis on the Heisenberg Group	231
10.1	The Szegő Kernel on the Heisenberg Group	232
10.2	The Poisson–Szegő Kernel on the Heisenberg Group	232
10.3	Kernels on the Siegel Space	233
10.3.1	Sets of Determinacy	233
10.3.2	The Szegő Kernel on the Siegel Upper Half-Space \mathcal{U}	234
11	A Coda on Domains of Finite Type	249
11.1	Prefatory Remarks	249
11.1.1	The Role of the $\bar{\partial}$ Problem	250
11.2	Return to Finite Type	253
11.3	Finite Type in Dimension Two	255
11.4	Finite Type in Higher Dimensions	259
Appendix 1:	Rudiments of Fourier Series	265
A1.1	Fourier Series: Fundamental Ideas	265
A1.2	Basics	268
A1.3	Summability Methods	271
A1.4	Ideas from Elementary Functional Analysis	275
A1.5	Summability Kernels	277
A1.6	Pointwise Convergence	282
A1.7	Square Integrals	283

- Appendix 2: The Fourier Transform** 297
 - A2.1 Fundamental Properties of the Fourier Transform 297
 - A2.2 Invariance and Symmetry Properties 299
 - A2.3 Convolution and Fourier Inversion 303
 - A2.3.1 The Inverse Fourier Transform 304

- Appendix 3: Pseudodifferential Operators** 315
 - A3.1 Introduction to the Operators 315
 - A3.2 A Formal Treatment 320
 - A3.3 The Calculus of Operators 325

- References** 337

- Index** 349