contents

foreword xiii preface xv acknowledgments xxi about this book xxiv about the authors xxvii about the cover illustration xxix

PART 1 WORDY MACHINES 1

Packets of thought (NLP overview) 3

- 1.1 Natural language vs. programming language 4
- 1.2 The magic 4

and the second

- Machines that converse 5 The math 6
- 1.3 Practical applications 8
- 1.4 Language through a computer's "eyes" 9 The language of locks 10 • Regular expressions 11 A simple chatbot 12 • Another way 16
- 1.5 A brief overflight of hyperspace 19
- 1.6 Word order and grammar 21
- 1.7 A chatbot natural language pipeline 22
- 1.8 Processing in depth 25
- 1.9 Natural language IQ 27

Build your vocabulary (word tokenization) 30

- 2.1 Challenges (a preview of stemming) 32
- 2.2 Building your vocabulary with a tokenizer 33

Dot product 41 • Measuring bag-of-words overlap 42 A token improvement 43 • Extending your vocabulary with n-grams 48 • Normalizing your vocabulary 54

2.3 Sentiment 62

VADER-A rule-based sentiment analyzer 64 • Naive Bayes 65

Math with words (TF-IDF vectors) 70

- 3.1 Bag of words 71
- 3.2 Vectorizing 76 Vector spaces 79
- 3.3 Zipf's Law 83
- 3.4 Topic modeling 86

Return of Zipf 89 • Relevance ranking 90 • Tools 93 Alternatives 93 • Okapi BM25 95 • What's next 95

Finding meaning in word counts (semantic analysis) 97

4.1 From word counts to topic scores 98

TF-IDF vectors and lemmatization 99 • Topic vectors 99 Thought experiment 101 • An algorithm for scoring topics 105 An LDA classifier 107

4.2 Latent semantic analysis 111

Your thought experiment made real 113

4.3 Singular value decomposition 116

U—left singular vectors 118 • S—singular values 119 VT—right singular vectors 120 • SVD matrix orientation 120 Truncating the topics 121

4.4 Principal component analysis 123

PCA on 3D vectors 125 • Stop horsing around and get back to NLP 126 • Using PCA for SMS message semantic analysis 128 Using truncated SVD for SMS message semantic analysis 130 How well does LSA work for spam classification? 131

4.5 Latent Dirichlet allocation (LDiA) 134

The LDiA idea 135 • LDiA topic model for SMS messages 137 LDiA + LDA = spam classifier 140 • A fairer comparison: 32 LDiA topics 142

CONTENTS

- 4.6 Distance and similarity 143
- 4.7 Steering with feedback 146 Linear discriminant analysis 147
- 4.8 Topic vector power 148 Semantic search 150 • Improvements 152

Part 2 Deeper learning (neural networks) 153

Baby steps with neural networks (perceptrons and backpropagation) 155

5.1 Neural networks, the ingredient list 156

Perceptron 157 • A numerical perceptron 157 • Detour through bias 158 • Let's go skiing—the error surface 172 Off the chair lift, onto the slope 173 • Let's shake things up a bit 174 • Keras: neural networks in Python 175 • Onward and deepward 179 • Normalization: input with style 179

Reasoning with word vectors (Word2vec) 181

6.1 Semantic queries and analogies 182 Analogy questions 183

6.2 Word vectors 184

Vector-oriented reasoning 187 • How to compute Word2vec representations 191 • How to use the gensim.word2vec module 200 • How to generate your own word vector representations 202 • Word2vec vs. GloVe (Global Vectors) 205 fastText 205 • Word2vec vs. LSA 206 • Visualizing word relationships 207 • Unnatural words 214 • Document similarity with Doc2vec 215

Getting words in order with convolutional neural networks (CNNs) 218

- 7.1 Learning meaning 220
- 7.2 Toolkit 221
- 7.3 Convolutional neural nets 222

Building blocks 223 • Step size (stride) 224 • Filter composition 224 • Padding 226 • Learning 228

7.4 Narrow windows indeed 228

Implementation in Keras: prepping the data 230 • Convolutional neural network architecture 235 • Pooling 236 Dropout 238 • The cherry on the sundae 239 • Let's get to learning (training) 241 • Using the model in a pipeline 243 Where do you go from here? 244

Loopy (recurrent) neural networks (RNNs) 247

8.1 Remembering with recurrent networks 250

Backpropagation through time 255 • When do we update what? 257 • Recap 259 • There's always a catch 259 Recurrent neural net with Keras 260

- 8.2 Putting things together 264
- 8.3 Let's get to learning our past selves 266
- 8.4 Hyperparameters 267
- 8.5 Predicting 269 Statefulness 270 • Two-way street 271 • What is this thing? 272

Improving retention with long short-term memory networks 274

9.1 LSTM 275

Backpropagation through time 284 • Where does the rubber hit the road? 287 • Dirty data 288 • Back to the dirty data 291 Words are hard. Letters are easier. 292 • My turn to chat 298 My turn to speak more clearly 300 • Learned how to say, but not yet what 308 • Other kinds of memory 308 • Going deeper 309

Sequence-to-sequence models and attention 311

10.1 Encoder-decoder architecture 312

Decoding thought 313 • Look familiar? 315 • Sequence-tosequence conversation 316 • LSTM review 317

10.2 Assembling a sequence-to-sequence pipeline 318

Preparing your dataset for the sequence-to-sequence training 318 Sequence-to-sequence model in Keras 320 • Sequence encoder 320 • Thought decoder 322 • Assembling the sequence-to-sequence network 323

- 10.3 Training the sequence-to-sequence network 324 Generate output sequences 325
- 10.4 Building a chatbot using sequence-to-sequence networks 326

Preparing the corpus for your training 326 • Building your character dictionary 327 • Generate one-hot encoded training sets 328 • Train your sequence-to-sequence chatbot 329 Assemble the model for sequence generation 330 • Predicting a sequence 330 • Generating a response 331 • Converse with your chatbot 331

- 10.5 Enhancements 332 Reduce training complexity with bucketing 332 • Paying attention 333
- 10.6 In the real world 334

Information extraction (named entity extraction and question answering) 339

11.1 Named entities and relations 339A knowledge base 340 • Information extraction 343

11.2 Regular patterns 343 Regular expressions 344 • Information extraction as ML feature extraction 345

- 11.3 Information worth extracting 346 Extracting GPS locations 347 • Extracting dates 347
- 11.4 Extracting relationships (relations) 352

Part-of-speech (POS) tagging 353 • Entity name normalization 357 Relation normalization and extraction 358 • Word patterns 358 Segmentation 359 • Why won't split('.!?') work? 360 Sentence segmentation with regular expressions 361

11.5 In the real world 363

Getting chatty (dialog engines) 365

- 12.1 Language skill 366 Modern approaches 367 • A hybrid approach 373
- 12.2 Pattern-matching approach 373

 A pattern-matching chatbot with AIML 375 A network view of pattern matching 381
- 12.3 Grounding 382
- 12.4 Retrieval (search) 384

The context challenge 384 • Example retrieval-based chatbot 386 • A search-based chatbot 389

- 12.5 Generative models 391 Chat about NLPIA 392 • Pros and cons of each approach 394
- 12.6 Four-wheel drive 395 The Will to succeed 395
- 12.7 Design process 396
- 12.8 Trickery 399

Ask questions with predictable answers 399 • Be entertaining 399 When all else fails, search 400 • Being popular 400 • Be a connector 400 • Getting emotional 400

12.9 In the real world 401

Scaling up (optimization, parallelization, and batch processing) 403

- 13.1 Too much of a good thing (data) 404
- 13.2 Optimizing NLP algorithms 404

Indexing 405 • Advanced indexing 406 • Advanced indexing with Annoy 408 • Why use approximate indexes at all? 412 An indexing workaround: discretizing 413

- 13.3 Constant RAM algorithms 414 Gensim 414 • Graph computing 415
- 13.4 Parallelizing your NLP computations 416
 Training NLP models on GPUs 416 Renting vs. buying 417
 GPU rental options 418 Tensor processing units 419
- 13.5 Reducing the memory footprint during model training 419
- 13.6 Gaining model insights with TensorBoard 422 How to visualize word embeddings 423

appendix A Your NLP tools 427

- appendix B Playful Python and regular expressions 434
- appendix C Vectors and matrices (linear algebra fundamentals) 440
- appendix D Machine learning tools and techniques 446
- appendix E Setting up your AWS GPU 459
- appendix F Locality sensitive hashing 473 resources 481 glossary 490

index 497