

# CONTENTS

**Preface** vii

## **PART I MORAL FOUNDATIONS**

- 1. Moral Norms 1**
  - Normative and Nonnormative Ethics 1
  - The Common Morality as Universal Morality 3
  - Particular Moralities as Nonuniversal 5
  - Moral Dilemmas 10
  - A Framework of Moral Principles 13
  - Conflicting Moral Norms 15
  - Conclusion 25
  
- 2. Moral Character 31**
  - The Concept of Moral Virtue 32
  - Virtues in Professional Roles 33
  - The Central Virtue of Caring 35
  - Five Focal Virtues 38
  - Moral Ideals 45
  - Moral Excellence 49
  - Conclusion 57
  
- 3. Moral Status 65**
  - The Problem of Moral Status 65
  - Theories of Moral Status 67
  - From Theories to Practical Guidelines 80
  - The Moral Significance of Moral Status 88
  - Vulnerable Populations and Vulnerable Individuals 89
  - Conclusion 92

## PART II MORAL PRINCIPLES

4. **Respect for Autonomy** 99
  - The Concept of Autonomy and the Principle of Respect for Autonomy 99
  - The Capacity for Autonomous Choice 112
  - The Meaning and Justification of Informed Consent 118
  - Disclosure 123
  - Understanding 130
  - Voluntariness 136
  - Surrogate Decision Making for Nonautonomous Patients 139
  - Conclusion 142
5. **Nonmaleficence** 155
  - The Concept and Principle of Nonmaleficence 156
  - Distinctions and Rules Governing Nontreatment Decisions 161
  - Optional Treatments and Obligatory Treatments 171
  - Killing and Letting Die 181
  - Intentionally Arranged Deaths: When, If Ever, Are They Justified? 184
  - Protecting Incompetent Patients from Harm 193
  - Whose Risks and Whose Benefits? Problems of Underprotection and Overprotection in Research 197
  - Conclusion 202
6. **Beneficence** 217
  - The Concept of Beneficence and Principles of Beneficence 217
  - Obligatory Beneficence and Ideal Beneficence 218
  - Paternalism: Conflicts between Beneficence and Respect for Autonomy 230
  - Balancing Benefits, Costs, and Risks 243
  - The Value and Quality of Life 252
  - Conclusion 256

CONTENTS

7. Justice 267
- The Concept of Justice and Principles of Justice 267
  - Traditional Theories of Justice 271
  - Two Theories Closely Connected to the Value of Health 277
  - Fair Opportunity and Unfair Discrimination 281
  - Vulnerability, Exploitation, and Discrimination in Research 286
  - National Health Policy and the Right to Health Care 290
  - Global Health Policy and the Right to Health 297
  - Allocating, Setting Priorities, and Rationing 300
  - Conclusion 313
8. Professional–Patient Relationships 327
- Veracity 327
  - Privacy 337
  - Confidentiality 342
  - Fidelity 353
  - The Distinction between Clinical Ethics and Research Ethics 360
  - Conclusion 370

PART III THEORY AND METHOD

9. Moral Theories 385
- Criteria for Assessing Moral Theories 386
  - Utilitarian Theory 388
  - Kantian Theory 394
  - Rights Theory 400
  - Virtue Theory 409
  - The Convergence of Theories on Principles 416
  - Conclusion 417

<b>10. Method and Moral Justification</b>	<b>425</b>
Justification in Ethics	425
Top-Down Models: Theory and Application	426
Bottom-Up Models: Cases and Analogical Reasoning	432
An Integrated Model: Reflective Equilibrium	439
Common-Morality Theory	444
Conclusion	457
<b>Index</b>	<b>467</b>