TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

CHAPTE	
I.	INTRODUCTION
	The "New Philosophy" of Newton in the Eighteenth Century
	Hume's Introduction to Philosophy. His Associates in Edinburgh
II.	INTERPRETATIONS OF NEWTONIAN SCIENCE IN THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY
	Newtonian Concepts Interpreted as Metaphysical Prin- ciples
	Interpretations of Space and Time
	Force: Vis Inertiae; Vis Gravitationis
	Rationalistic Interpretations of the Concept of Force
	Critics of Rationalism
III.	REVERBERATIONS OF THE NEW SCIENCE IN PHILOSOPHY
	John Locke George Berkeley

PART II

IV.	HUME'S EMPIRICISM IN RELATION TO CON- TEMPORARY SCIENCE AND PHILOSOPHY	64
	Hume's Knowledge of the Current Discussions of Science	64
	Hume's Emphasis on the Causal Principle	72
	The Objective Causal Order	74
	The Influence of Hume's Criticism	81
	Sources of Hume's Scepticism	82

CONTENTS

CHAPTE	1	PAG
v.	Empiricism in Morals	88
	The Background of Hume's Ethics	88
	Hume's Attempt to Introduce the Experimental Method into Moral Subjects	97
VI.	Empiricism in Politics	100
	The State of Political Philosophy during the First Half of the Eighteenth Century	10
	Hume's Practical Scepticism in Answer to Bolingbroke	11
	Hume's Analysis of Basic Political Concepts: The	
	Empirical Principle of Utility	114
VII.	HUME'S HISTORICAL WRITING	12(
	Historical Writing in England before Hume	12
	Hume's Treatment of the Whig and the Tory Interpre- tations of English History	12
	The Effect of Contemporary Political Events upon Hume's Views: The Theoretic Basis of His Conserva-	
	tism	128
	Conclusion	133
	Bibliography	135

viii