

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction ix

Technical Remarks xvii

I. THE FOUNDATION OF MAX WEBER'S METHODOLOGY: HEINRICH RICKERT'S THEORY OF CONCEPT FORMATION IN THE EMPIRICAL SCIENCES

1. The Convergence of Max Weber and Heinrich Rickert 3
2. Some Fundamental Tenets of Heinrich Rickert's Epistemology 11
3. General Concepts 21
4. Individual Concepts 33
5. Historical Context, Historical Development, Historical Causality 43
6. Absolute Validity; Method and Reality 49

II. MAX WEBER'S THEORY OF CONCEPT FORMATION

1. Preliminary Remarks 57
2. Epistemological Premises 59
3. Methodological Premises 65
4. The Concepts of Natural Science 72
5. The Concepts of History 77
6. The Validity of Historical Knowledge 87

III. WEBER'S ELABORATION OF RICKERT'S METHODOLOGY

1. Value-Analysis 94
2. Cultural Significance 97
3. *Verstehen* 102
4. The Logical Status of the Ideal Type 115

viii TABLE OF CONTENTS

5. The Different Kinds of Ideal Type 130
6. The Use of Ideal Types 135
7. Weber and the *Methodenstreit* 140

IV. IDEAL TYPES, MODELS, AND
SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY

1. The Methodological Status of Ideal-Typical Constructions 154
2. The Principles of Ideal-Type Construction 160
3. Sociological Laws and the Problem of Voluntarism 167
4. The Role of Ideal-Type Models in Sociology 175

Notes 181

Bibliography 215

Index of Names 225

Index of Subjects 227