

Contents

Preface	vii
Chapter 1: Continuum versus Discrete Models	1
1.0 Introduction	1
1.1 A hierarchy of heterogeneities and length scales	2
1.2 Long-range correlations, fractals and percolation	3
1.3 Continuum versus discrete models	5
1.4 Summary	7
Chapter 2: The Equations of Change	8
2.0 Introduction	8
2.1 The equation of continuity	8
2.2 The momentum equation	9
2.3 The diffusion and convective-diffusion equations	10
Chapter 3: Fractal Concepts and Percolation Theory	12
3.0 Introduction	12
3.1 Box-counting method and self-similar fractals	13
3.2 Self-affine fractals	16
3.3 Multifractal systems	16
3.4 Fractional Brownian motion and long-range correlations	18
3.5 Percolation processes	21
3.5.1 Bond and site percolation	22
3.5.2 Computer simulation of percolation on a network	24
3.5.3 Characterization of a percolation system	25
3.5.4 Scaling theory of percolation processes	27
3.5.5 Formation of fractal structures in percolation systems	29
3.5.6 Percolation in finite systems and finite-size scaling	30
3.5.7 Percolation in random networks and in continua	31
3.6 A glance at history	33
3.7 Conclusions	35

Chapter 4: Diagenetic Processes and Formation of Rock	36
4.0 Introduction	36
4.1 Diagenetic and metasomatic processes	36
4.2 Continuum models of diagenetic processes	38
4.3 Geometrical models of diagenetic processes in granular rock	45
4.4 A geometrical model of carbonate rock	47
4.5 Diagenetic processes of fractured rock	49
4.6 Conclusions	50
Chapter 5: Morphology of Porous Media and Fractured Rock	52
5.0 Introduction	52
5.1 Porosity, specific surface area and tortuosity	52
5.2 Fluid saturation, capillary pressure, and contact angle	53
5.3 Pore size distribution	56
5.3.1 Mercury porosimetry, network simulation and percolation	57
5.3.2 Sorption isotherms and percolation	73
5.3.3 Small-angle scattering	77
5.3.4 Nuclear magnetic resonance	79
5.4 Topological properties of porous media	82
5.5 Fractal properties of porous media	88
5.5.1 Adsorption methods	88
5.5.2 Chord-length measurements	90
5.5.3 Correlation function method	95
5.5.4 Small-angle scattering methods	98
5.5.5 Spectral method	101
5.6 Porosity and pore size distribution of fractal porous media	103
5.7 Morphology of fractured rocks	103
5.8 Conclusions	111
Chapter 6: Models of Porous Media	112
6.0 Introduction	112
6.1 Models of macroscopic porous media	112
6.1.1 One-dimensional models	113
6.1.2 Spatially-periodic models	113
6.1.3 Bethe lattice models	116
6.1.4 Network models	117
6.1.5 Continuum models	120
6.2 Models of pore surface roughness	123
6.3 Models of megascopic porous media	127
6.3.1 Random hydraulic conductivity models	128
6.3.2 Fractal models	129
6.3.3 Multifractal models	130
6.4 Interpolation schemes and conditional simulation	132
6.5 Conclusions	134

Chapter 7: Models of Fractured Rock	135
7.0 Introduction	135
7.1 Continuum approach: The multi-porosity models	135
7.2 Network models	137
7.2.1 Two-dimensional fracture networks	137
7.2.2 Three-dimensional fracture networks	141
7.2.3 Continuum representation of fracture networks	142
7.2.4 Percolation properties of fracture networks	144
7.3 Simulated annealing model	145
7.4 Synthetic fractal models	147
7.5 Mechanical fracture models	150
7.6 Conclusions	157
Chapter 8: Flow and Transport in Porous Media	158
8.0 Introduction	158
8.1 The volume-averaging method and derivation of Darcy's law	158
8.2 The Brinkman and Forchheimer equations	161
8.3 Predicting the permeability, conductivity and diffusivity	162
8.3.1 Continuum models: Exact results and rigorous bounds	163
8.3.2 Continuum models: Field-theoretic and perturbation methods	167
8.3.3 Exact formulation and effective-medium approximations	169
8.3.4 Position-space renormalization group methods	180
8.3.5 Renormalized effective-medium approximation	186
8.3.6 The Bethe lattice model	187
8.3.7 Critical path analysis	189
8.3.8 Transfer matrix method	194
8.3.9 Random walk methods	196
8.3.10 Network simulation	200
8.4 Fractal transport and non-local formulation of diffusion	201
8.5 Derivation of Archie's law	205
8.6 Relation between permeability and electrical conductivity	209
8.7 Relation between permeability and nuclear magnetic resonance	210
8.8 Dynamic permeability	212
8.9 Conclusions	213
Chapter 9: Dispersion in Porous Media	215
9.0 Introduction	215
9.1 The phenomenon of dispersion	215
9.2 Mechanisms of dispersion processes	216
9.3 The convective-diffusion equation	217
9.4 Measurement of dispersion coefficients	218
9.5 Dispersion in simple systems	220
9.5.1 Dispersion in a capillary tube	222

9.5.2	Dispersion in spatially-periodic models of porous media . . .	223
9.6	Dependence of dispersion coefficients on the Péclet number . . .	224
9.7	Models of dispersion in macroscopic porous media	227
9.7.1	Continuum models: The volume-averaging method	227
9.7.2	Continuum models: Statistical-kinetic approach	229
9.7.3	Continuum models: Fluid-mechanical models	230
9.7.4	Network models	233
9.8	Long-time tails: Dead-end pores versus disorder	235
9.9	Dispersion in short porous media	237
9.10	Dispersion in porous media with percolation disorder	239
9.11	Dispersion in megascopic porous media	246
9.11.1	Continuum models: Large-scale volume-averaging	248
9.11.2	Continuum models: Stochastic-spectral methods	249
9.11.3	Discrete models and Monte Carlo methods	252
9.11.4	Fractal models	253
9.11.5	Long-range correlated percolation model	255
9.12	Dispersion in stratified porous media	259
9.13	Conclusions	260
Chapter 10:	Flow and Dispersion in Fractured Rock	261
10.0	Introduction	261
10.1	Flow in a single fracture: Continuum and discrete models	262
10.2	Flow in fractured rock	263
10.2.1	Continuum approach: The multi-porosity models	264
10.2.2	Network models: Exact formulation and EMAs	269
10.2.3	Anisotropic EMA and the permeability of fracture networks	279
10.3	Dispersion in a single fracture	282
10.4	Dispersion in fractured rock	283
10.5	Conclusions	286
Chapter 11:	Miscible Displacements	287
11.0	Introduction	287
11.1	Factors affecting miscible displacement processes	288
11.2	Viscous fingering	290
11.3	Continuum models of miscible displacements in Hele-Shaw cells .	292
11.4	Continuum models of miscible displacements in porous media . .	299
11.4.1	Numerical simulation of miscible displacements in porous media	305
11.4.2	Stability analysis of miscible displacements	305
11.5	Discrete models of miscible displacements	310
11.5.1	Diffusion-limited aggregation models	311
11.5.2	The dielectric breakdown model	314
11.5.3	The gradient-governed growth model	315
11.5.4	The two-walker model	315

11.5.5	Probabilistic models	316
11.5.6	Deterministic network models	320
11.6	Crossover from fractal to compact displacement	322
11.7	Miscible displacements in megascopic porous media	324
11.8	Conclusions	325

Chapter 12: Immiscible Displacements and Multiphase Flows 327

12.0	Introduction	327
12.1	Wettability, contact angles and their measurement	327
12.1.1	Sessile drop method	329
12.1.2	Amott method	330
12.1.3	U.S. Bureau of Mines method	331
12.2	The effect of surface roughness on contact angles	331
12.3	Dependence of dynamic contact angle and capillary pressure on capillary number	332
12.4	Fluids on fractal surfaces: Hypodiffusion and hyperdiffusion . . .	334
12.5	Effect of wettability on capillary pressure	336
12.6	Immiscible displacement processes	339
12.6.1	Spontaneous imbibition	342
12.6.2	Quasi-static imbibition	342
12.6.3	Imbibition at constant flow rates	343
12.6.4	Dynamic invasion at constant flow rates	344
12.6.5	Trapping of blobs	344
12.6.6	Displacement of blobs: Choke-off and pinch-off	346
12.7	Models of two-phase flow and displacement	348
12.7.1	Continuum equations and relative permeabilities	349
12.7.2	Measurement of relative permeability	350
12.7.3	The effect of wettability on relative permeability	351
12.7.4	Fractional flows and the Buckley-Leverett equation	352
12.8	Discrete models of capillary-controlled two-phase flow	355
12.8.1	Random-percolation models	356
12.8.2	Random site-correlated bond percolation models	359
12.8.3	Invasion percolation	359
12.8.4	Random percolation with trapping	362
12.9	Crossover from fractal to compact displacement	364
12.10	Pinning of an interface: Dynamic scaling of rough surfaces	366
12.11	Finite-size effects and Devil's staircase	370
12.12	Displacement under the influence of gravity: Gradient percolation	372
12.14	Dispersion in two-phase flows	373
12.13	A phase diagram for displacement processes	376
12.15	Scaling laws for relative permeability and dispersion coefficients .	377
12.16	Network models of immiscible displacements at finite capillary numbers	378
12.18	Two-phase flow in megascopic and stratified rock	385

12.18.1	Continuum models and large-scale averaging	386
12.19	Two-phase flow in fractured rock	388
12.20	Conclusions	389
Chapter 13:	Flow and Transport in Unconsolidated Porous Media	390
13.0	Introduction	390
13.1	Morphology of random and regular packings of particles	390
13.2	Flow and conduction in unconsolidated porous media	394
13.2.1	Exact results	395
13.2.2	Experimental data, empirical correlations and numerical simulation	400
13.3	Dispersion in unconsolidated porous media	402
13.4	Two-phase flow in unconsolidated porous media	404
13.4.1	Countercurrent flows	405
13.4.2	Cocurrent downflows	407
13.4.3	Cocurrent upflows	407
13.5	Modelling two-phase flows in unconsolidated porous media	409
13.5.1	Continuum models	409
13.5.2	Network models	411
13.6	Conclusions	414
Chapter 14:	Advances in Computational Methods	415
14.0	Introduction	415
14.1	Finite-difference methods	416
14.2	Lattice-gas simulation of fluid flow	419
14.3	Lattice-Boltzmann simulation of fluid flow	422
14.4	LGA and LBA simulation of single-phase flow in porous media	424
14.5	LG and LB simulation of two-phase flow in porous media	426
14.6	Conclusions	427
References		428
Index		478