

Table of Contents

Preface	7
1 The Burgundian State	9
2 Where do we meet the late medieval apothecary?	13
2.1 Identification of medieval apothecaries	13
2.2 The account registers of the Egmond abbey	13
2.3 The account registers of the dukes of Burgundy	15
2.4 A new Biographic Index of apothecaries in medieval Burgundy up to 1600	17
3 The apothecary's shop	21
3.1 The apothecary's shop in pictures.	21
3.2 A description of a medieval pharmacy workplace	24
3.3 What do the inventories reveal?	25
3.4 The pharmacy jars	26
3.5 The pharmacy mortars	29
3.6 Late medieval dispensary names	30
3.7 Late medieval publicity symbols	39
4 The apothecary's merchandise	47
4.1 Well-being products	47
4.2 Pigments and colouring agents	55
5 The apothecary and his social standing	65
5.1 The upper middle-class Burgundian apothecaries	65
5.2 Prosecuted and sentenced Burgundian apothecaries	70
5.3 The dress of the Burgundian apothecary	80
5.4 And the female apothecaries?	87
4.5 The apothecary's career starting age and his retirement age	90
6 The clients of the Burgundian apothecary	103
6.1 The town-apothecary	103

6.2	The critical client-potential	103
6.3	Clients from the town surroundings	105
6.4	Who were those clients?	106
6.5	Accessibility to remedies for the poor	112
7	Solidarity and competition	121
7.1	The apothecary's guilds and confraternities	121
7.2	Where were the pharmacy-shops established?	127
7.3	Monopoly and competitors	137
8	The quality of medieval medicines	145
8.1	Medieval medical-pharmaceutical regulations	145
8.2	Prescription manuscripts and books in the apothecary's library	155
8.3	The healing quality of medieval medicines	161
9	The apothecary's profession after 1477	171
10	Overview	175
	Biographic index of apothecaries in medieval Burgundy up to 1600	179
	References of the biographic index of apothecaries in medieval Burgundy up to 1600	243